

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1894.

NUMBER 273.

TEEL RAILS SAVED FROM THE FREE LIST.

JOHNSON'S AMENDMENT IS DEFEATED BY 21 VOTES.

question of Adding to the List of Unprotected Articles Provokes a Hot Debate—Ballot Stands 79 to 100—Congressman Believed To Have Committed Suicide.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Congressmen were startled today by the news that Congressman Monsey probably committed suicide. The news has been much discussed.

The report of the committee on elections in favor of Neil (dem.) was ordered printed by the house this morning.

The tariff debate was taken up at 1 o'clock. Congressman Johnson's amendment putting steel rails on the free list was lost by a vote of 79 to 100. Another clause of the bill to elicit not debate is that on wool. Yesterday afternoon Mr. Hale (dem.) of Ohio addressed the committee on the wool question. He stated that under a high tariff the price of wool had been steadily decreasing. He announced himself as an advocate of a tariff for revenue only.

Mr. Grosvenor (rep.) of Ohio said that there were 75,000 woolgrowers in Ohio and that the falling off of the democratic vote in the last election was mainly in the woolgrowing sections. He referred to the news in the papers that the secretary of the treasury was about to sell bonds. The inference was that the treasury was about to go to protest—that it was bankrupt. In such a state of affairs, he asked what reason there could be for throwing away the income to be derived from the 300,000,000 pounds of wool which came into the country every year.

In answer to a question from Mr. Hunter (dem.) of Illinois as to the cause of the fall in the price of wool in recent years, he said that the price of Ohio and Australian wool had fallen in London in the same ratio as in this country. If America can not produce within 300,000,000 pounds of wool necessary for the manufacturers in this country, why not impose a revenue tariff on that wool?

"We need the money," continued Mr. Grosvenor. "The democrats come here and try to cut down the revenue by \$75,000,000, while the secretary of the treasury is endeavoring to sell bonds at 5 per cent in order to save the treasury from bankruptcy."

Mr. Davis (pop., Kas.) took the ground that the country was not prosperous under the high protective tariff and contended for free wool.

Mr. Cannon (rep., Ill.) was granted fifteen minutes to speak on the tariff question. His speech was an arraignment of the entire policy of the democratic party. He was interrupted frequently by Mr. Simpson (pop., Kan.) and others. When Mr. Cannon took his seat he was vociferously applauded by his republican colleagues.

Mr. Outhwaite (dem., Ohio) said that free trade did not operate to lower wages, as was shown by the fact that wages in England had steadily increased since the adoption of the free trade policy.

Mr. Stone (rep., Pa.) was against the measure.

Then came Mr. Fithian's arraignment of the secretary of the treasury for attempting to sell bonds.

Mr. Johnson (rep., Ind.) attacked the income tax feature of the tariff bill.

He characterized the democratic party as having no constructive genius, but only a destructive genius.

Mr. Wilson (rep., Ohio) expressed himself as being in favor of protection to the woolgrowers of Ohio, even though Texas woolgrowers might petition in favor of free wool.

Mr. Hall (dem., Mo.) and Mr. Northway (rep., Ohio) spoke for and against the bill, and then Mr. Black (dem., Ill.) replied to the attacks made on him some time ago by Mr. Hopkins (rep., Ill.) on account of his speech on the Wilson bill.

Mr. Sickles (dem. N. Y.) defended the position of the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds.

Mr. Springer (dem., Ill.) spoke briefly in favor of free wool, and in the course of his remarks there was a question of accuracy raised by Mr. Grosvenor (rep., Ohio). A rather personal debate between the two gentlemen was the result.

Mr. Pendleton (dem., W. Va.) and Mr. Crain (dem., Texas) spoke in favor of the Wilson bill, and Mr. Loud (rep., Cal.) in opposition. Mr. Dingley (rep., Maine) in an earnest speech defended the amendment proposed by Mr. Burrows. Mr. Pearson (dem., Ohio) and Chairman Wilson spoke against the proposed amendment, and Messrs Thomas (Mich.), Hicks (Penn.) and Burrows (Mich.) closed the debate for the republicans.

The vote was immediately taken by tellers, resulting in the defeat of the amendment by a strict party vote—yeas, 7; nays, 151.

After the disposition of the wool question Mr. Johnson (dem., Ohio), who is a large manufacturer of steel rails, introduced an amendment putting steel rails on the free list. An interesting and acrimonious discussion followed in which Mr. Daizell (rep., Pa.) accused Mr. Johnson of making false statements in the house recently and of altering the Congressional Record. Mr. Dalzell will continue his remarks to-day after which Mr. Johnson will reply to the allegations.

At the night session McKeigan

(ind., Neb.) wanted free trade, pure and simple. He was followed by Sibley (dem., Pa.), who ridiculed the pretensions of the framers of the Wilson bill, and severely criticised the President and secretary for issuing bonds. Mr. De Forest (dem., Conn.) in favor of the bill, and Mr. Russell (rep., Conn.) against it, concluded the debate for the night.

Peffer Against Bond Issue.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—In the absence of Vice President Stevenson the president pro tem., Senator Harris (dem.) of Tennessee again presided over the senate yesterday.

Senator Peffer (pop.) of Kansas introduced a resolution reciting the recent letter of the secretary of the treasury, calling for bids for bonds, and declaring that the secretary of the treasury has no authority to issue bonds for any other purpose than stated in the resumption act, and that in the opinion of this body the secretary of the treasury has no legal authority for issuing and selling bonds as proposed.

A somewhat similar resolution was offered by Senator Allen, and also laid over.

The "unfinished business"—the house bill to repeal the federal election laws was taken up and Mr. Vest (dem., Mo.) addressed the senate in support of the bill. At the close of Mr. Vest's speech the bill was laid aside, the senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business, and at 3:15 p.m. adjourned till Monday next.

Resigns His Senate Seat.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Senator Walhall of Mississippi has resigned his seat in the senate on account of ill health. The present term of Senator Walhall would expire March 3, 1895, but he has already been elected for another six years, or until March 3, 1901. He resigns the unexpired portion of his present term, and, as he states in his letter, leaves to future determination the question of the full six year term beginning in 1895.

Wants the Bullion Coined.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Senator Teller, the leader of the silver men in the senate, thinks the secretary has authority to begin the immediate coining of the silver bullion in the treasury, which amounts to about \$170,000,000. He expresses the opinion that if the secretary does not choose to exercise this prerogative, congress will adopt a measure making the authority explicit and putting it beyond question.

Hornblower's Rejection.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The rejection of Hornblower's name has been made public, which finally disposes of the case.

JUDGE WING'S MOTIONS.

Asks That Much Evidence Be Excluded—All but One Overruled.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—Proceedings in the Coughlin trial were brief and uninteresting yesterday. Odds and ends of the case were gathered together and disposed of by the state's attorneys. Formal motions were entered by the defense as to certain portions of the state's evidence. Had the court entertained the protests of the defense pretty much all of the evidence that has been offered would have been rejected, but each and every motion except that relating to Mrs. Conklin's identification of the white horse, was promptly overruled and an exception was entered on behalf of the defendant.

Then Judge Wing came forward with a protest against the partisanship displayed by the Chicago newspapers during the trial. He was particularly incensed at the action of Kickham Scanlan, one of the attorneys for the state, who had been interviewed by an evening paper and spoke in disparaging terms of the lawyers for the defense and the personnel of the jury. When this was all over a recess was taken until Monday morning, when the defense will begin its case.

Whole Crew Rescued.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Jan. 19.—A dispatch received here says that the crew of the schooner Maggie E. Wells, reported in a sinking condition by the steamer Amsterdam at New York yesterday, were rescued by the schooner Magnolia and landed at Halifax.

Crispi May Ask for More Power.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 19.—A dispatch from Rome says the intimate friends of Prime Minister Crispi believe, owing to the situation in Italy daily becoming worse, he will demand of the chamber of deputies that plenipotentiary power be conferred upon him for a year.

Wild for a Prize Fight.

BRECKENRIDGE, Colo., Jan. 19.—The Breckenridge Athletic club offers the gold specimens that were awarded the first prize at the World's Fair for the Corbett-Mitchell fight. The collection is the finest in the west and is valued at \$80,000.

Lobengula Willing to Surrender.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 19.—Advices from Bulawayo are to the effect that King Lobengula is anxious to surrender and has killed the Indians who persuaded him to retreat.

Will Sell the Plant.

LA PORTE, Ind., Jan. 19.—The plant of the Standard Oil company at Whitling, Ind., the total valuation of which is \$8,000,000, has been bulletined to be sold for taxes Feb. 5. The delinquent tax amount to \$10,627.25. The delinquency is based upon a valuation of \$33,000, which the company claims was an error in their assessment.

May Submit to Arbitration.

rio JANEIRO, Jan. 19.—It is reported that the government and the insurgent leaders have agreed to submit their differences to arbitration for settlement.

KOETING ESCAPES THE FINAL STROKE.

PROSECUTION CAN'T INTRODUCE HIS LETTER.

The Milwaukee Banker Wrote to His Wife Saying the Concern Would Fail, and Attorneys Offered the Letter in Evidence To Prove Fraudulent Intention.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 19.—Just before the prosecution rested its case against Banker Koeting yesterday afternoon it tried hard to have admitted in evidence a letter from Koeting to his wife, in which the banker is said to have admitted that the bank had been insolvent since 1875. The letter was written after Koeting had fled from the city at the time his bank failed. Attorney La Follette for the state said he was prepared to argue the question of its being admissible evidence. If the letter was in the possession of either Koeting or his wife he maintained it would not be admissible any more than a wife's evidence against her husband, but having left their possession, no matter how, he insisted that it was proper evidence. He read authorities in support of his position. The court would not permit the letter to be offered in evidence.

John P. Murphy of the Milwaukee National bank testified that in his opinion \$480,000 of Schlesinger paper held by the South Side bank was practically valueless. The paper had been so for two months prior to July 21. He characterized this value on the condition of the iron business. The state rested its case at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

POLICE SCATTERED THE MOB.

Gathering of the Unemployed at Berlin Becomes Noisy.

BERLIN, Jan. 19.—A call for a meeting of the unemployed was issued a few days ago by an anarchist named Rodrain. The meeting was to have been held at the Friedrichshain brewery. Owing to the fact that Rodrain was arrested the meeting was not held. A crowd of disorderly people flocked before the Konigsthor and refused to disperse when ordered to do so by the police. The latter then charged the mob with drawn swords and scattered them. Many of the crowd were hurt. The mob several times afterward attempted to gather, but was dispersed. Conflicts between the crowd and the police continue. Nobody has been seriously hurt. Several arrests of the most disorderly of the rioters have been made.

MADE A RICH HAUL.

St. Joe Robbers Got \$100,000.—The Two Bandits Make a Rich Haul.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 19.—According to Manager Sanford of the Adams Express company, that company has ceased carrying very much money on trains and in consequence the bandits who looted the safe in the express car of the northbound Kansas City, Joseph & Chicago, Burlington train Monday only secured \$800. According to an officer of the Burlington road the haul was very little less than \$50,000, and the same authority asserts that the two robbers that have occurred within such a short time netted the thieves nearly \$100,000, as the two trains held up carry the bulk of the valuable express matter out of this city. It is now known positively that the men who did the job last Wednesday the same ones who held up the Burlington Eli a few days ago. The railroad company is so positive of this it declines to offer any further reward than the \$2,000 now standing. The men have been tracked to this city, where all trace of them was lost, and aside from a very meager description the officers have nothing to work on.

WHOLESALE LYNNING PREVENTED.

Sheriff of St. Louis County Smuggles Prisoners Into the City Jail.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 19.—A wholesale lynching was narrowly averted in St. Louis county last night by the activity of Sheriff Garrett, who smuggled half the prisoners in the county jail and brought them to St. Louis. The trouble was precipitated by the crime of a 17-year-old negro named Horace Johnson. He was arrested by citizens and rushed before Judge Hostetter, the same Judge who examined Bucker, the negro lynched Thursday morning. The mob poured into the court, and Mrs. Higgins' son-in-law, Daniel Defoe, called on the mob to hang the prisoner to the nearest tree. Constable Schumacher hustled the prisoner out and drove rapidly to the Clayton jail. From the talk of the crowd it was evidently the intention to take not only Johnson but Jim and Ed Murray, the Fitzwilliams murderers; Will Hensley, charged with the McCulloch murder, and another negro. Sheriff Garrett was advised of their coming and took all the prisoners to a train and brought them to this city. They are now in the city jail.

KILLS THE DESPERADOES AND WILL DIE.

BLUEFIELD, W. Va., Jan. 19.—Tom and Frank Mullins, who were implicated in the murder for which "Doc" Taylor was hanged in Virginia six months ago, have been hiding in this county several weeks. Sheriff Johnson and Deputy Hall went yesterday to capture them. Both sides opened fire with rifles. Sheriff Johnson was shot through the head at the first volley, and Hall was knocked senseless. Neither of the Mullins was hurt. They left Hall for dead and sat down in front of their cabin. Hall regained consciousness, and without moving put a bullet through Frank Mullins' heart. The instant Tom Mullins shot away nearly all of Hall's lower jaw, but not before Hall's second aim had been taken, which sent a ball through Tom's head. Hall can not recover, and was barely able to relate the story of the fight.

PRUSSIA MAY ISSUE A LOAN.

Finance Minister Miguel Estimates the Deficit at 70,200,000 Marks.

BERLIN, Jan. 12.—The Prussian budget was presented to the landtag by Dr. Miguel, the finance minister. The revenues are estimated at 1,879,440,391 marks, an increase of 43,936,131 marks over the preceding fiscal year. The ordinary expenditures are estimated at 1,891,612,410 marks, being an increase of 47,509,155 marks. The extraordinary expenditures are placed at 58,036,281 marks, an increase of 8,826,976 marks. The deficit is estimated at 70,200,000 marks, which is 12,400,000 marks in excess of the deficit of the preceding year. This deficit it is proposed to cover by issuing a loan. The deficit is due to the increased matrial payments. Prussia's payment this year being 37,058,915 marks higher than last year.

FARMERS' ALLIANCE MEETING

Annual Convention for Reports and the Election of Officers.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—The fourteenth annual meeting of the National Farmers' alliance convened at 2 o'clock yesterday at the Commercial hotel. President W. H. Likens of Caledonia, Ohio; Lecturer George E. Laurence of Marion, Ohio, and the vice-presidents from the various states have arrived. The meeting will be of two days' duration and the time will be taken up principally with the hearing of annual reports and the election of officers.

Prisoners Make a Desperate Fight.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 19.—Jailer Ernest found two prisoners fighting last evening. Unlocking the cell he pulled one out and was followed by the other. Both men attacked Ernest. One turned the lever that unbolted the doors of every cell on the floor.

Nineeen men sprang out and attacked the jailer, knocking him down and trampling him under foot. Ernest finally broke through the mob and ran down stairs to his office, followed by the prisoners in a dash for freedom.

Seizing a revolver Ernest turned on the mob and held it at bay. The mob finally turned and marched back to their cells. Ernest's injuries may prove fatal.

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WILD MAN AT LARGE IN BOURBON, IND.

FARMER NEARLY KILLED BY A SEMI-SAVAGE.

The Schools Are All Closed For Fear the Children Will Be Hurt, and Armed Bodies of Men Are Searching the Woods To Take the Lunatic Dead or Alive.

BOURBON, Ind., January 19.—A wild man has been roaming forests and swamps ten miles north of here. The community is aroused, and a determined effort is being made to capture him. He was first seen by Farmer Hixman, who spied a poorly clad man running past his home. His curiosity was aroused, and he made known what he had seen. Later the wild man was seen by other farmers, who pronounced him a raving maniac. Numerous reports of sensational character are pouring in from all sections of that country. Country schools in that vicinity have been closed, children kept close at home for fear of violence should they encounter the maniac. Farmer Shaffer, who was attacked by the fellow, is in a very critical condition, having received injuries that will doubtless prove fatal. An armed posse left Bremen last night with the determination to capture the wild man dead or alive.

MADE A RICH HAUL.

St. Joe Robbers Got \$

WAGES TOO HIGH IN PUBLIC JOBS.

ROCK COUNTY FARMERS CALL FOR A REDUCTION.

Hard Times Hit Everyone Else, They Say, and the People's Servants Should Stand Their Share of the Loss--Milton Junction Convention Very Successful.

County farmers never had a better convention than that in Milton Junction this week. The Milton Junction conventions are said to be the best in the state and this year many discussions of value were brought out. J. F. Wiley read a paper on the "Cultivation of Tobacco," George J. Kellogg insisting in the debate that followed that if farmers would quit raising tobacco it would be better for their land, themselves and their children. "Which is the most profitable crop to raise, corn or small grain?" was discussed by Mr. Kellogg and Hon. D. F. Sayre. "Horticulture" was taken up by J. C. Plumb and hint given that foreign nursery agents frequently fleeced Rock county farmers. Other papers of value were "Which is the More Profitable for the General Farmer, Sending Their Milk to the Creameries or Making the Butter at Home," David Barlass; "Woman's Work on the Farm," Mrs. B. Bleasdale; "Naming Our Farms," B. Bleasdale; "Flower Gardens," Mrs. Walter Helms, and "Foreign Immigration," O. D. Antisdell. Mr. Antisdell's paper was followed by the adoption of this resolution:

"Resolved, That we urge the passage of stringent laws on all foreign immigration necessary to citizenship of an understanding of the English language and residence of five years before receiving the ballot."

Robert Hodge and S. C. Carr commended B. Bleasdale's paper on naming farms and Mr. Carr's motion that Rock county farmers be recommended to name their farms.

Crime to Make Bad Butter.

The English sparrow was roasted, the hen hawk praised and the crow reviled in the discussion that followed. Hon. Mr. Sayre's paper on "Protection of Birds." Many important resolutions were adopted—one offered by S. H. Joiner urging that the manufacture of filled cheese and bogus butter be made a crime; another that prohibition laws be enforced; that the welfare and prosperity of our country demand the coinage and use of both gold and silver as a legal tender; that the scholars use a uniform series of text books, either published by the state or purchased by the state and furnished at cost; that post office boxes be free and free mail delivery in rural districts be provided; that the drink evil was responsible for the hard times, and that education should be compulsory. The question was asked "Do the Advantages of the Jury System Outweigh the Evils?" and it was held that a majority vote of a jury should be made decisive. S. C. Carr's resolution that salaries of all public officers be reduced in the same ratio that prices on farm products have been, was adopted without delay.

Superintendents David Throne and William Ross spoke on the theme, "Can Our Common Schools Be Improved Upon?" Other papers concerning the schools were those of F. P. Starr and C. J. Kinney on "Is the National Flag Necessary on Our School Buildings?"

There were readings by Misses Ella Guernsey, Theresa Haviland and Pearl Stockman during the convention, and music was provided by local talent.

TALK OF BADGER STATE FOLK.

The Lake Geneva kindergarten has succumbed to the hard times.

The Burlington Blanket Company has done an excellent business during the past year.

FRANK MILLER, of Badger Mills, has a team of horses that is thirty-nine years old. The veteran equines are fair travelers and can pull a self-binder all day long.

WHILE several boys of Blue River were amusing themselves on the school ground by throwing up jack-knives wrapped in handkerchiefs, fourteen-year-old John Dillon was cut through the neck into the cavity of the mouth. He almost bled to death before a compress could be applied.

Quickest Route to California.

If you desire to attend the Midwinter fair at San Francisco or any part of California, and wish to make the trip in the quickest and most comfortable manner, be sure that your ticket reads via the Chicago & Northwestern, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Rys. Palace Drawing Room Sleeping Cars leave Chicago daily and run through to San Francisco via Council Bluffs, Omaha and Ogden without change, in three and one half days all meals en route being served in dining cars. Tourist sleeping cars, offering an exceptionally favorable opportunity for making the trip in a most comfortable and economical manner, are also run, and completely equipped berths can be procured by passengers holding either first or second class tickets, at a cost of only \$1 per berth from Chicago (or \$3 per berth from Council Bluffs or Omaha) to San Francisco and other California points. Variable route excursion tickets and first and second class one-way tickets are now on sale via the Northwestern line at extremely low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern railway.

Buy Durham's German 25 cents
cong. Cure at Palmer & Stevens.

AS VIEWED BY JERE MURPHY.

The accommodating democratic party is evidently catering to those people who regard a national debt as a national blessing.

A second reading of Governor Peck's opinion will convince any unprejudiced mind that the A. P. A.'s are, if possible, a greater menace to the cherished principles of democracy than the A. B. Cs were.

If Gen. Doe wants to do something handsome for Wisconsin in the military line let him give Col. Clark a job in Washington.

Senator David B. Hill might feel quite elated now if it were not for meeting with the editorial opposition of The Milwaukee Journal.

Frank Lawler can especially recommend the tintine plan of life insurance, where a man stands a chance of getting something before he dies.

What the people of Wisconsin are puzzled at is how a mere unscrupulous, scheming politician like Senator Hill could figuratively mop the senate floor with a high-minded, unselfish orator and statesman like Senator Vilas, by and with the advice and consent of the United States senate.

If Mrs. Marion V. Dudley were not insane, the profound monkey work of doctors and lawyers in determining her mental condition while she is a thousand miles away ought to make her mad.

Tariff Reform so far as developed to date contemplates tariff upon or free trade in any commodity as the political friends of Mr. Cleveland prefer, and the issue of interest bearing bonds as required for the actual expenses of government extravagantly administered.

We shall never believe that Attorney Silverthorn is a willing candidate for the democratic nomination for governor until he has sent a letter to Chairman Wall, addressed to The Catholic Citizen, to be published in The Milwaukee Journal, relating to the mental anguish which he has suffered from what he has heard about the purposes of the A. P. A.—Madison Journal.

LONG PROGRAM FOR TONIGHT.

CHRIST church choir rehearsal.

"VAN, the Virginian," at the opera house.

THE Carpenter's Union, in the Bennett block, West Milwaukee street.

JANESEVILLE Lodge No. 264, B. P. O. E., at Castle hall.

OLIVE Branch Lodge No. 36, Ancient Order of United Workmen, at Liberty hall.

THE Fortnightly club, with Mr. and Mrs. Floyd D. Murdock, North Franklin street.

Rock River Encampment No. 3, I. O. O. F., at Odd Fellows hall, North Main street.

PELOUBETS Notes on Sunday School Lessons, '94, at Sutherland's.

LLOYD & SON have the finest stock of boots and shoes in the city, in the room formerly occupied by Burns & Boland, in the Phoebeus block, opposite the post office. These boots and shoes are all the finest makes and can be bought for actual cost for the next thirty days to introduce them. Don't delay.

Closing Out Sale.

At the great mortgagees closing out sale of the Columbia, 2 and 4 Milwaukee street on the bridge, goods are almost given away. Prints from three to five cents; ginghams 4½ cents; cotton flannels wide and good for four cents; cloaks at one-half former price. Boots and shoes all go the same way. This is an opportunity of a lifetime, and you should come at once before the stock is closed out and see what you can buy cheap.

The Puzzle Solved.

Perhaps no local disease has puzzled and baffled the medical profession more than nasal catarrh. While not immediately fatal it is among the most nauseous and disgusting ills the flesh is heir to, and the records show very few or no case of radical cure of chronic catarrh by any of the many modes of treatment until the introduction of Ely's Cream Balm a few years ago. The success of this preparation has been most gratifying and surprising. No druggist is without it.

Late Arrivals.

Many new goods arrived at Wheelock's too late to open for the holiday trade. Whole packages of French China from Haviland's factory, of Wheelock's own importation, are just in. Call and look them over. The prices will be right. Also, new cut glasses, silverware, and new fancy pieces. Try MacBeth's lead glass chimney.

About a year ago I took a violent attack of a gripe. I coughed day and night for about six weeks; my wife then suggested that I try Chamberlain's Cough remedy. At first I could see no difference, but still kept taking it, and soon found that it was what I needed. If I got no relief from one dose I took another, and it was only a few days anti I was free from the cough. Think people in general ought to know the value of this remedy and I take pleasure in acknowledging the benefit I have received from it. Madison Mustard, Oway, Ohio. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale at Palmer & Stevens, Druggists.

T. J. ZIEGLER,
Janesville, Wis.
Cor. Main and Milwaukee sts.

Attention Tobacco Growers,

The Rock County Tobacco Growers Association have made ample arrangements at their several association warehouses to handle goods the present season for \$1 per hundred. This includes first class work, sizing packages etc., and storage for one year.

We have contracted for cases and will furnish patrons good seasoned cases at 65 and 70 cents. Our insurance rates are as low as the lowest. Our facilities for selling both domestic and export goods are as good as the leaf trade affords. We aim to give our patrons the best of satisfaction and believe in liberal advertisement. Your patronage is solicited.

SUIT

Announcement.

The books of A. D. Sanborn & Co. will be closed Saturday, January 13. All accounts due the firm must be settled within thirty days. The business will be conducted in the future under the firm name of Charles A. Sanborn & Company.

January 13, 1894.

Modern Woodmen, Attention!

The Modern Woodmen will give a free literary entertainment and supper for the Woodmen and their families at Liberty Hall on Tuesday evening January 23. Come early and bring our lunch baskets and join with us in having a good time.

ROBBED BY TRAMPS AND SHUT IN A CAR.

PRISONER CUTS HIS WAY OUT WITH A KNIFE.

While Stealing a Ride From Janesville to Milton on a Freight Train He Is Set Upon by Tie-Tourists and Loses Fifteen Dollars in Cash by the Scheme.

A man who was stealing a ride in a freight car from Janesville to Milton was set upon by tramps so he claims, when he arrived in Milton and \$15 in money and his watch taken from him. He was then locked in the car by the tramps but he cut his way out with a jack knife and reported the matter at the station office. No clew to the perpetrators was found.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—She laid against his manly chest, Her rosy cheek so fair, And when he reached his home that night Its impress still was there.

MRS. JAMES ENNIS is better.

THE Carpenter's Union meets tonight.

MISS EMMA KELLAR went to Jefferson this morning for a visit.

THE United Workmen meet tonight. The Good Templars will get together this evening.

THE Encampment Odd Fellows hold their semi monthly session tonight.

"VAN, the Virginian" will be presented by Reed's Comedians tonight.

The board of directors of the Loan Association meet at Silas Hayner's office tonight.

A BURNING question—"Have a smoke?"

FIRST Grip Microbe—"How's business?" Second ditto—"Well, I think this heavy work I'm doing will lead to grave consequences."

For diaries and calendars, call at Sutherland's bookstore.

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"All right, Mr. Shears," said the young man in his flippant, triv' al manner. "I hope you will be luckier than you were in commencing my last one."—Chicago Record.

High Time.

Spencer—I hear that the managing board of the Collidem, Smashem and Burnup railroad is going to make a determined effort to prevent future accidents.

Ferguson—What is the cause of it?

Spencer—I understand that two directors and a superintendent were hurt in the last smashup.

Was Not in That Line.

Mamma—Harry, I want you to come in now and amuse the baby.

Harry, aged 5—You will have to excuse me mother; I am not in the low-comedy line.

A Contractor's Advice.

Dullman's German Medicine Co.: Gentlemen: I take great pleasure in feeding in both Dullman's German Blood Liver and Kidney Cure. I can safely say that to cleanse the liver, kidneys, I was suffering for years with indigestion and loss of appetite. Since taking the medicine more than six months' time, I feel much better. I don't let dealers impose on you with something "just as good." Sold only in bottles; price, quarts \$1, pints 60 cents. Bottled by Royal Wine Co. Sold by

Stearns & Baker

Catarrh in The Head.

Is undoubtedly a disease of the blood and as such only a reliable blood purifier can effect a perfect and permanent cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier, and it has cured many very severe cases of catarrh. Catarrh oftentimes leads to consumption. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla before it is too late.

A. Golden, druggist, Birmingham, Ala., writes: "Please publish some of the testimonial I have sent you for Japanese Flu cure." Sold at Smith's pharmacy.

CARS TOOK THUMB AND FINGERS

Arthur Craig's Hand Mangled In The Milton Switch Yard.

Arthur Craig, a young man about nineteen years of age, had the thumb and first three fingers of his right hand crushed in the Milton railroad yard Thursday forenoon while coupling cars. Dr. Borden amputated the thumb and fingers. Craig has been employed as a brakeman by the company for two or three years, but at the time he received the injury was not at work for the company.

JAILED ON ANOTHER'S BAD MEMORY

Louke Took Wood That Spaulding Forged About Giving Him.

Harry Louke, was arrested by Owen Spaulding, of Milton, for trespassing on his farm; cutting cord wood thereon, hauling it town and selling it without his permission. Louke claimed that Mr. Spaulding gave him permission to cut it on shares. Spaulding had no recollection of giving any permission and Louke was fined \$10 and costs, in default of the payment of which he is boarding it out at the expense of the county.

Some German Bulls.

A German newspaper man, evidently jealous of the Irishman's reputation as a maker of bulls, took the trouble, some years ago, to look up the German record in this line. Among others he found in the published works of certain Teutonic writers the following curious example: "Among the immigrants was an old blind woman, who came to America once more before she died to see her only son." After the door was closed, a soft female foot slipped into the room, and with her own hand extinguished the taper. "Both doctors were unable to restore the deceased once more to life and health." The ladies' benefit association has distributed twenty pairs of shoes among the poor, which will dry up many a tear." "I was at the table enjoying a cup of coffee, when a gentle voice tapped me on the shoulder. I looked around, and saw my old friend once more."

Mending Umbrellas.

The Louisville Courier-Journal says that two young men of that city, salesmen in a dry goods store, hired bicycles and took a spin into the country. When they were perhaps ten miles out, they decided to have a race. One of them got far ahead of the other, and, in dashing around a turn, ran into a pile of stones. The wheel was demolished, and the rider found himself lying among the spokes. An old woman, who happened to be passing, was met by the second rider. "My good woman," said he, "have you seen a young man riding a bicycle ahead?" "No," said the woman; "but I saw a young man up the road a spell ago who was sittin' on the ground mendin' umbrellas."

The Woes of This World.

The professional pessimist came into the office looking absolutely cheerful. "Well," they asked him, "what is the new cause of complaint this morning?" "I was thinking how unjustly things were arranged for a man who has a corn. It gets its worst mashing from the man who is too heavy to

Can Catarrh Be Cured!

Can the Deaf be Made to Hear

Can the Blind be Made to See

These are Three Leading Questions that just now agitate the public mind and inspire the afflicted with hope. In answer to the first question

= Dr. H. A. McChesney, =

Says Emphatically Yes, the same as any other disease that is caused by impurities in the blood. The doctor treats this aggravating disease scientifically, and rarely ever fails to give permanent satisfaction. In answering the second question,

Can the Deaf Be Made to Hear?

He says just as **Emphatically, Yes**, where the deafness results from catarrhal trouble, or any other, that does not destroy the drum of the ear. The doctor claims that **90 per cent.** of all the deaf people are curable, and he fully substantiates this claim by the people that he is now treating at his office in the Wilcox Block. As to the third question

Can the Blind Be Made to See?

He says Yes, in many cases. He claims that Cataract, Cross-Eyes and many other diseases of the Eye are readily cured, and that thousands of people who wear glasses could throw them away after proper treatment.

Doctor McChesney's office is thronged with patients every day, and he is meeting with wonderful success. He does not attempt impossibilities, but he does treat special diseases in his line scientifically, and his patients give him the strongest endorsement. The doctor is permanently located in Janesville, and the people are not slow to recognize his skill.

OFFICE IN WILCOX BLOCK--CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE!

SOMEWHAT HUMOROUS.

A Long Siege.

"I'm ready now," called Mrs. Swizzles down the balustrade to her husband, who had been waiting half an hour to start for the theater. "I'm ready, all but my hat."

"Well, tell Maria," shouted back Mr. Swizzles, as he stretched himself out at full length on the sofa and composed himself for a nap, "tell Maria to wake me at nine o'clock, anyway."—Chicago Record.

Presto! Change!

Mr. Steele—Would you kindly introduce me to the lady sitting next to you?

Mr. Borrow—Mrs. Begg? Really, it would be very embarrassing for me. I do not know by what name to introduce her. You see she got her divorce yesterday. Perhaps her maiden name was restored; but if so, she may have married again since that time.—Once a Week.

On the Road.

Horatio Blister—Please, mum, may I have a chunk o' pie and some hot coffee?

Houskeeper (pleasantly)—Why don't you ask for chicken and champagne?

Mr. Blister—with pleasure. I didn't suppose you were accustomed to them. A wing, please, and have the champagne properly iced.—Brooklyn Life.

Time to Intrude.

Mother—Is Mr. Kissem in the parlor yet?

Little Son—Yes.

What are they doing?"

They are sitting a good ways apart, and talking; but sister has taken off her Elizabeth ruff."

"Very well; I'll go down at once."—N. Y. Weekly.

She.

She's as pretty as a picture
That she is;
She's a cunning, cute bewitcher
That she is;

She's a dear, delightful sinner
And you ought to try to win her,
For oh! she cooks a dinner
Out of sight

—Detroit Free Press.

Reason in All Things.

Castleton—What, old man, you are not reading the Bible, are you?

Sandstone—Yes, I am.

Castleton—What for?

Sandstone—One of my relatives sent it to me for a wedding present, and I've got to tell them how I like it.—Truth.

The Alternative.

Bess—George has a position of trust in the bank; why don't you marry him?

Jess—I don't like the alternative.

Bess—What?

Jess—Being poor in New York or rich in Canada.—Kate Field's Washington.

Only Woman Could Have Found It.

She (excitedly)—Oh, George, some woman on the car has stolen my purse!

He—How do you know it was a woman?

She—Why, I had it in the pocket of my dress.—Chicago Record.

Something Unnecessary.

Cholly—The doctor has ordered a complete rest, has positively forbidden me even to think, don'tcherknow.

Cynicus—Did he have the gall to charge you for that advice?—Truth.

Not the Same.

He cried as they stood at the garden gate: "Oh, give me a kiss, my own, my fate." Just then, as her father came that way, the lover got something beginning with "K." But it wasn't a kiss, I'm sorry to say!"—Yankee Blade.

DAUGHTERS OF REVOLUTION.



—Harper's Bazar.

A Couple of Experts.

The talk had drifted to mental phenomena, when suddenly the maiden shyly asked:

"Are you a—a mind-reader, Horace?"

"I am, Susie," he said.

"So am I."

And she held out her finger for the ring. She had seen its bulging outlines in his vest pocket.—Chicago Tribune.

True Courtesy.

Featherstone—That Miss Twilling you introduced me to is a very polite girl. I called on her last night and asked her if she wouldn't sit down in the only arm-chair in the room, and what do you suppose she said?

Ringway—I can't imagine.

Featherstone—She said: "After you."—Truth.

Talkative Tommy.

Tommy—O, Miss Stuckup, what do you think ma said about your new hat?

Miss Stuckup—I don't know.

Tommy—Why, she said it was a perfect fright, but it don't scare me worth a cent.—Texas Siftings.

Before the Divorce.

Quivers (significantly)—I wish I were wedded only to my work.

Mrs. Quivers—That is to say, you want a wife who'd support you.—Chicago Record.

A Bud of Very Slow Growth.

Waddles—Miss Oldish is a "bud," you know.

Cynicus—Must be a flower of the century plant, then.—Chicago Record.

The Physiology of Love.

Now that I've won the maiden's heart, The fact to me is clear.

To win her hand I'll have to try To win her father's car.

—Puck.

She Asked too Much.

"Thus one by one are our fondest dreams dispelled," said the dejected-looking young man, as he dropped his head with its long flowing locks into his hands. "And she always seemed so unselfish!"

"Oh, well, brace up. Think of your fame as a football player."

"It is that which sundered the ties that bound us. She demanded too much."

"But you told me only a short time ago that you would give her your life if she asked for it."

"And so I would—but what she desired was—"

"Well?"

"A lock of my hair."

You have noticed

that some houses always seem to need repainting; they look dingy, rusted, faded. Others always look bright, clean, fresh. The owner of the first "economizes" with "cheap" mixed paints, etc.; the second paints with

Strictly Pure White Lead

The first spends three times as much for paint in five years, and his buildings never look as well.

Almost everybody knows that good paint can only be had by using strictly pure White Lead. The difficulty is lack of care in selecting it. The following brands are strictly pure White Lead "Old Dutch" process; they are standard and well known—established by the test of years:

"Southern" "Red Seal" "Collier" "Shipman"

For any color (other than white) tint the Strictly Pure White Lead with National Lead Company's Pure White Lead Tinting Colors, and you will have the best paint that it is possible to put on a building.

For sale by the most reliable dealers in plants everywhere.

If you are going to paint, it will pay you to send to us for a book containing information that may save you many a dollar. It will only cost you a postal card to do so.

NATIONAL LEAD CO.,

1 Broadway, New York

Chicago Branch,

State and Fifteenth Street.

Sold by all druggists.

TOO OFTEN THE CASE.

INTERESTING PROOFS.

A young society lady, after a round of gayety, becomes suddenly conscious of an unusual sensation. She has frequent attacks of dizziness, her back aches, and she feels blue and generally run down.

Mothers, look well to your daughters!

Daughters, look well to yourselves!

Let the first symptom denoting the approach of disease receive your instant attention. Healthy women are the hope of the race, and it is well-nigh criminal to neglect anything which promises relief.

There is hope for all sufferers from Nervous Diseases. Read what follows:

Mrs. Jennie C. Davis, a fine artist and an accomplished authoress, of Westfield, Wis., had been subject to headache ever since she could remember. So severe were her attacks as to cause at times temporary delirium. All treatment had failed to relieve her, but after using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine she writes: "My record is to me, at least, satisfactory. No headache, constantly increasing appetite, and a consequent gain in weight of two and a half pounds in just one week."

Six weeks later she writes: "Have read and sewed immoderately of late, but my headaches do not return."

Mrs. John R. Miller, of Valparaiso, Ind., was attacked three years ago with turn of life in its worst form. It finally went to her head, and all indications were that it would result either in insanity or softening of the brain. Her husband thus writes: "It would be impossible for me to attempt a description of her sufferings during all this time. She was treated by our very best local physicians, with but temporary benefit. She has taken four bottles of Dr. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVOUS, and is cured. She has gained twenty pounds in weight. I tell you, she often blesses you for what you have done for her."

Recollect that for the CURE of all Nervous Diseases there is no remedy which approaches Dr. Miles' RESTORATIVE NERVOUS. It is free from dangerous drugs and opiates. Sold by all druggists, on a positive guarantee, or Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

W. T. Sherer Co.

G.A.R. NOTICE

We take this opportunity of informing our subscribers that the new Commissioner of Pensions has been appointed. He is an old soldier, and we believe that soldiers and their heirs will receive justice at his hands. We do not anticipate that there will be any radical changes in the administration of pension affairs under the new regime.

We would advise, however, that U.S. soldiers, sailors, and their heirs, take steps to make application at once, if they have not already done so, in order to secure the benefit of the early filling of their claims in case there should be any future pension legislation.

Such legislation is seldom retrospective. Therefore it is of great importance that applications be filed in the department at the earliest possible time.

If U. S. Soldiers, or their widowed children, or parents desire information in regard to pension matters, that should write to the Press Claims Company at Washington, D. C., and they will prepare and send the necessary application, if they find them entitled under the numerous laws enacted for their benefit. Address:

Press Claims Company,
JOHN WEDDERBURN,
Washington, D. C.
Managing Attorney
P. O. Box, 386.

Railroad Time-Tables.

	Leave For	Arrive From
Chicago & Northwestern		
Chicago, Clinton	6:35 a.m.	9:25 p.m.
Chicago, Clinton, Sharon	6:35 p.m.	9:15 a.m.
Chicago, Clinton, Sharon	8:00 a.m.	9:25 p.m.
Chicago, Clinton, Sharon	12:30 p.m.	12:40 p.m.
Chicago, Elgin, Clinton, Beloit		12:15 p.m.
Chicago, Beloit, Rockford, Omaha	2:10 p.m.	2:15 p.m.
Beloit, Caledonia, Rockford, Beloit, Rockford, DeKalb	7:00 a.m.	9:12 p.m.
Evansville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona St. Paul and Minneapolis	12:20 p.m.	7:45 p.m.
Evansville, Madison, St. Paul & Duluth	11:05 a.m.	10:30 p.m.
Evansville, Madison, St. Paul & Duluth	9:30 p.m.	6:30 a.m.
Beloit, Watertown, Jefferson, Green Bay, Milwaukee, Waukesha, Watertown, Fond du Lac, Madison, La Crosse	7:00 a.m.	10:10 p.m.
Watertown, Jefferson, Green Bay, Milwaukee, Waukesha, Watertown, Fond du Lac, Madison, La Crosse	6:35 p.m.	7:35 a.m.
Madison, Elroy, Evansville	12:45 p.m.	12:15 p.m.
Madison, Elroy, Evansville	6:30 a.m.	3:05 p.m.
Madison, Elroy, Evansville	2:15 p.m.	11:05 p.m.
Madison, Elroy, Evansville	9:30 p.m.	Sunday only.
All other trains daily, except Sunday.		

	Leave For	Arrive From

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THE JANESEVILLE GAZETTE.

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER

Entered at the post office at Janesville, Wisconsin, as second class matter.

Terms of Subscr. ption.
Daily edition, one year \$6.00
Parts of a year, per month 50
Weekly edition, one year 1.50

Special Advertising Rates.

We charge full rates for cards of thanks, obituaries, poems, financial statements of insurance companies and all other classes of items not considered news.

We publish free marriages, deaths and obituaries, notices, without poetry; also notices of church and society meetings.

We publish at half rates notices of church and society entertainment given for revenue.

THIS DAY IN HISTORY.

1473—Birth of Copernicus, the astronomer.

1729—William Congreve, dramatist, died in London; born in 1670.

1736—James Watt, inventor of steam engine, born at Greenock, Scotland; died in 1819.

1807—Robert Edward Lee, general, born in Stratford, W.M. CONGREVE, Westmoreland County, Va.; died 1870.

1809—Edgar Allan Poe, author, born in Boston; died 1849.

1848—Isaac Disraeli, father of Lord Beaconsfield and author of "Curiosities of Literature," died; born 1766.

1862—Battle of Mill Spring, Ky.; Confederate commander, General Zollicoffer, killed.

1871—Grand sortie of 100,000 soldiers under General Trochu, from Paris; the sortie a failure and 6,000 killed and wounded.

1878—Adrianople, stronghold of the Turks, occupied by the Russians.

1882—The Hamburg-American line steamer Cimbria sunk by collision in the North sea; 335 drowned out of 420 on board.

1889—Emin Pasha defeated the mahdi's forces on the White Nile.

TWISTING THE BOND LAW.

As some of the treasury experts are now estimating that the deficit will reach \$8,000,000 or \$10,000,000 a month for the remainder of the fiscal year, and as it has been \$43,000,000 since July last, that prediction of a \$28,000,000 shortage by the end of next June recently made by Secretary Carlisle begins to look sick. He has had to change his own figures in justifying an issue of bonds and now makes his estimate \$78,000,000, with the probability that he has not yet guessed the full measure of democratic detriment in that respect.

He issues the \$50,000,000 of 5 per cent. bonds, not by authority of congress, but by virtue of a strained construction of the old law providing for the resumption of specie payments in 1879.

The resumption law authorized the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds, in case it became necessary to provide money for the redemption of greenbacks. Secretary Carlisle issues bonds under that act not to provide money for redeeming greenbacks, but to meet the current expenses of the government which is deprived of an adequate revenue by the falling off in receipts from customs, duties and internal taxes. His authority is therefore a doubtful one, but the plight in which the country has been placed by democratic financing makes any relief welcome. Blest will be the land when 1896 brings the party of sound monetary policy back into power.

JEFFERSON NO DEMOCRAT.

If Jefferson were alive today he would be a republican. The tariff plank of the Chicago convention of 1892 would drive him out of the democratic party. Congressman Burrows called him a protectionist, in his speech the other day, and justly so. The "father of democracy" certainly don't believe that protective tariffs were unconstitutional. He endorsed whatever would build up the nation and showed in more than one letter that tariff was an important adjunct.

The "gall" of the few democrats who have spun out fine theories on the benefits that are concealed in the Cleveland tariff bill, while ignoring the deplorable practical condition to which the country has been brought by even the prospect of such a bill becoming a law, has never been equaled on the floor of the house. It was like a man telling a lot of people suffering from the rigors of an arctic winter about a magic scheme to transport them in a moment to realms of eternal summer, and was quite as convincing.

The republicans pulled Cleveland through in the silver affair, but they really can't be expected to do this in every field which he has with his party. They failed, for example, in the Hornblower matter, and in other fights which are about to be started against him by the element which has just defeated him the republicans are also likely to fail.

Nearly every democratic congressman of prominence who has spoken in favor of the Cleveland tariff bill has admitted that the bill would reduce wages in this country and that it is intended to do that very thing. If they had only been as frank before the last presidential election the country would have escaped much misery.

A tariff that would swipe the stuffing out of Yourtown and put a high duty on everything turned out in Mytown represents the views of many democrats, and is about as near to practical common sense as the average democratic congressman ever gets.

Secretary Carlisle was quoted recently as saying that if congress di-

not help him soon he must "do something." He has developed a faculty for "doing something" too late to do any good.

An exchange says "the democratic party is on the road to ruin." It would seem that it had already arrived, and that it had dragged the country along with it.

Having gotten into public life by reason of his lack of socks Jerry should stop parading his surplus shoddy overcoats before the country.

There is but one American Hawaiian policy, and that is not the one that Mr. Cleveland was compelled reluctantly to abandon.

It would not be quite so bad if the democrats in congress knew what they wanted to do, and had the courage to do it.

President Dole's compliments to the ex-queen; the pen is mightier than the ax and chopping block.

The tramp manufactory at Washington is working night and day to increase the output.

If you wish to get up the dander of a democratic congressman, send him a cuckoo clock.

SUCCEEDS GEN. CARLIN.

Col. Otis, the New Brigadier General, a Soldier with a Record.

The most recent appointment to a brigadier generalship is that of Col. E. S. Otis of the Twentieth Infantry, to be brigadier general in the place of Gen. W. S. Carlin, recently retired. This is the second time that Col. Otis' name has been sent to the senate in nomination for this office.

In Mr. Harrison's administration Gen. Carr, an officer distinguished for his service during the war, and also for his work on the frontier, was promoted from a colonelcy to a brigadier generalship. Shortly afterward Gen. Carr was informed that he had been promoted with the understanding that when his forty years of service had expired he would voluntarily retire.

According to the law, an officer after this length of service, even though he be not 64 years old, may retire or be retired. Gen. Carr did not like this arrangement, to which he had not been a party, and therefore refused to retire.

He was peremptorily put on the retired list by President Harrison, and the name of Col. Otis sent to the senate in nomination for the vacancy.

The senate did not go into executive session before adjournment, and therefore the nomination was void.

When Mr. Cleveland took office he nominated General Carlin for the vacancy, and Colonel Otis had to wait almost a year before being obliged to buy a new uniform. Colonel Otis was a gallant soldier during the war, and won advancement, both honorary and actual, for gallant and meritorious services in the battles of Spottsylvania and Chapel House. Though a native of Maryland, he was appointed to the army from New York and served as captain and lieutenant colonel of the One Hundred and Fortieth New York Infantry. He was mustered out of the service in 1866 and then appointed lieutenant colonel of the Twenty-Second Infantry. With this he served till February, 1880, when he became colonel of the Twentieth Infantry. During the labor riots of 1877 he commanded his regiment in Pennsylvania. Since then he has been mostly in the northwest, though for two years he was superintendent of the recruiting service in New York.

DR. PARKHURST'S WIFE.

How She is Assisting Her Husband in His Work in New York.

The general public, perhaps, hears very little of Mrs. Parkhurst in the great work of bringing succor to the needy and rescue to the fallen which her husband is carrying on so vigorously in New York, yet she is a very important factor in it all.

The "four hundred" of Dr. Parkhurst's church, and these are not much removed in name from the celebrated "four hundred" of society, are reviving schemes to give employment to all the women who apply for work.

This means the fallen as well as the out-of-work, and it is all being done under the supervision of Mrs. Parkhurst.

But it is found to be so awfully difficult to find anything the women can do.

Those who were aided have lived idle lives and are trained to do nothing in the world except "make up" and dress well, and look as pretty as possible.

Housework is the thing proposed for them. But how is a woman who has never dusted her room going to rise at daylight, sweep the halls, build fires and prepare the table for morning meals? Or how can she do dressmaking? Or what help would she be in the kitchen? As nursery maid she might be a success. But who wants to try her in such a capacity?

At present the ladies who are helping Mrs. Parkhurst are sending things to the mission of the doctor's church and are giving out sewing to those who apply. They are also conducting an employment agency of their own and are taking the personal interest in each case which insures its success.

Buy Dullam's German 25 cent Cough Caret Palmer & Stevens:

SOME WELL KNOWN FACES.

The Widow of "Little Phil."
The widow of General Sheridan and his three children still live in the large and handsome home in which the general passed the last years of his life. It is in the center of the fashionable district in Washington. Mrs. Sheridan is a dark haired little woman, with dainty features and dark gray eyes. Her bearing is easy and composed and her manners are quiet and refined. She was the daughter of



MRS. PHILIP H. SHERIDAN.

General Daniel H. Rucker and may be said to have been of the army all her life, having been born on the Mexican frontier during her father's service there just prior to the civil war. She was many years General Sheridan's junior and did not meet him till long after the war. They were married in 1879. Mrs. Sheridan has three children—two beautiful twin girls and a boy.

THIS IS WHAT

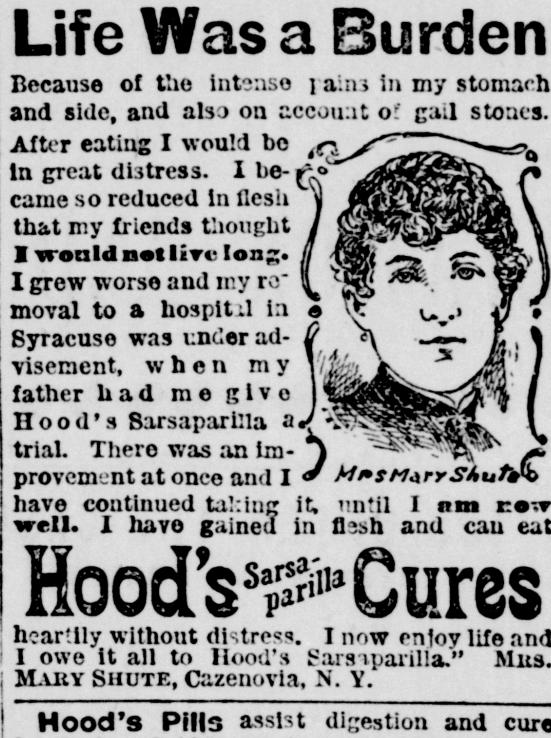
Dr. Koch's German Nerve Pills for nervous people. Guaranteed to cure weak memory, loss of brain power and all nervousness to either sex. Price \$1 or 6 for \$5. Dullam's German Medicine Co., Flint, Mich., sole agents for United States and Canada. Sold by Palmer & Stevens.

LOW RATES TO COAST POINTS.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., will sell round trip, first class tickets, good to return until April 30, 1894, at \$84.25, for San Francisco and other California coast points; also with same limit, round trip, first class tickets for Portland, Oregon and north Pacific coast points at \$79.55. For one way rates call at the ticket office, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.; also for all points south and east.

GEN. OTIS.

GEN. OTIS.



Hood's Sarapilla Cures

heartily without distress. I now enjoy life and owe it all to Hood's Sarapilla." Mrs. MARY SHUTE, Cazenovia, N.Y.

Hood's Pills assist digestion and cure headache. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

The Kabo High Bust Corset.



Popular with all who desire perfection in shape. Dress-makers prefer them because they secure a perfect fit. Many advantages. Here are a few:

Exquisitely long, tapered waist. Boned with unbreakable bony.

Made with soft loop eyelets—no breaking of corsets or discoloring of undergarments.

In all materials. Prices \$1, \$1.25 and \$2. For sale by leading Dry Goods houses.

CHICAGO CORSET CO., Chicago and New York.

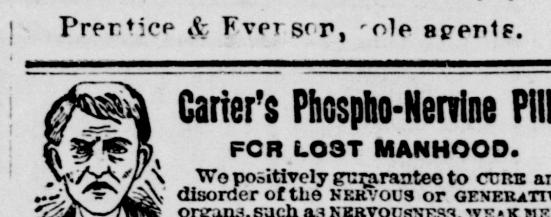
BEFORE AFTER

NEW LIFE

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment

is sold under positive written guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory; Loss of Mental Power; Lost Childhood; Drowsiness; Night Losses; Evil Dreams; Lack of Confidence; Nervousness; Lassitude; all Drains; Loss of Power of the Generative Organs in either sex, caused by over-exertion; Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Tea, Coffee, Wine, Beer, etc.; also to Cure Miser, Consumption, Insanity and Death. By mail, \$1 a box; 6 for \$5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money. WEST'S COUGH SYRUP, A certain cure for Coughs, Sore Throats, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Cough, Sore Throat, etc. Take 100 drops to take. Small size dismounted; old, 90c, size, now 25c; old 1/2 size, now 50c. GUARANTEES issued only by

Prattice & Everard, sole agents.



Carter's Phospho-Nerve Pills FOR LOST MANHOOD.

We positively guarantee to cure any disorder of the nervous or generative organs, such as NERVOUSNESS, WEAK MEMORY, LOSS OF BRAIN POWER, IMPOTENCY, EPILEPSY, CONSUMPTION, INSANITY, DEATH, etc.

ABUSE OF EXCITERS AND YOUTHFUL INDISCIPLINE. Take it in time and prevent coming in easily.

Take Carter's Phospho-Nerve Pills, 25c per box. Potter Drug Co., 3238 Park Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Smith's Pharmacy.

To ensure getting the best Chewing Tobacco in the world,

see that each plug has a round red tin tag with

these letters,

XAMILC

When asking for it you'll find it easier to read them backward. It's LORILLARD'S, and it's much the best.

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Did You Ever

Have "that tired feeling" come over you when you saw shamelessly displayed in bold-faced type that hoary mercantile chestnut, "Selling out at Cost?" The expression is about as old as deception—some say it originated with Ananias—anew it is preserved in the hieroglyphics and cuneiform inscriptions of cities whose merchants have been dust and ashes for a thousand years. Our prices, when compared with some others, are Less Than Cost.

The Second Week of Our Break-Down-in-Prices Sale.

Interest increases as the sale progresses. People know a thing or two.

Muslin Underwear—For 25c, best value ever put on a counter. DRAWERS—with plain hem and tucks, also feather braid trimmed, good quality Muslin, all sizes.

Night Dresses—Trade getters; \$1.50 and \$1.25 values are all down to \$1.00, will make billows in the sea of bargain hunters.

White Skirts—Great drop in prices to lessen stock to close out odd lots.

White Aprons—25c buys 35c value. Others been selling up to \$2.00, greatly down now.

Gents' Night Shirts—Embroidered fronts, the 75c quality marked to 63c to cause a flurry.

Columbian Bed Spreads—The \$1.50 kind, closing price only \$1.19. Every patriotic citizen should own one.

White Barred Muslin—25 pieces at 5c a yard.

Ho-Siery—Women's heavy fleece lined, tans, grays, browns, were 50c, now 37c. Children's black wool hose, a lot that were 37c and 50c, down to 25c. Children's black cotton hose, 37c and 50c, sizes 5 to 7, going at 15c. Another lot of Children's black cotton hose, slightly imperfect, if sound would be 25c and more, 15c to close. Woman's black hose, not fast black, but the 50c quality, letting them go at 25c; a little salt will set the colors.

A few Laundry Shirts, 75c; sizes 13, 14, 16, 18.

Women's Dressed Kid mittens, lined, \$1.00 quality and excellent value. Light and dark tans, brown, red brown, black with white stitching, after January 1st, price 89c.

Bargains in Misses', Children's Dressed Kid and Mocha Mittens.

500 Gross Buttons at 1c a dozen.

MORE MEXT WEEK.

CRUMMEY & BROOKS,

28 South Main Street.

Cross cut saws, axes, lanterns, tinware, granite ware, wire door-mats, bread-boxes, granite tea and coffee-pots, skates, cutlery of all kinds. The celebrated Christy Bread knife. We don't allow anyone to undersell us.

COLLING, WRAY & BLAIR, Builders' and Contractors, Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Blinds

DEFENSE BEGINS IN THE STONE CASE.

MEDICAL EXPERTS FIRST ON THE STAND.

Dr. Phillip Fox Says Mrs. Stone Met Death by Drowning in the Cistern—Injuries Inflicted After Her Death—Effects of the Post Mortem Examination.

Now that the state has ended its side of the Stone case and the defense has begun, interest turns naturally to the explanations offered in behalf of Defendant Ashton. Some of the evidence that will be offered will be as sensational as any that was produced by the state. The whole line of the state's case, both theory and fact, will be assailed. Besides evidence going to prove that Ashton did not commit the murder, if murder there was, a mass of medical testimony will be presented supporting the theory that Mrs. Stone was not murdered but committed suicide.

Dr. Phillip Fox, of Madison, the first of the medical experts was put on the stand this morning. Dr. Fox was for years a Janesville practitioner. He testified that he had heard the expert testimony in this case and was asked what result the application of force used in getting Mrs. Stone from the cistern would produce.

"I would expect it to bruise the flesh and fracture or dislocate the bones."

"What would be the probable result of the force described to the collar bone?"

"Dislocation."

Ribs Easily Broken. Dislocating the clavicle by compressing the shoulders would tend to tear the tissues and break the blood vessels Dr. Fox testified. Even if the force were applied six or seven hours after death blood from the ruptured vessels would still infiltrate into the tissues.

The force described would have a tendency to break everything that it came in contact with. Ribs were very easily broken sometimes and in many different ways. Cutting the cartilages and breaking the sternum as was done in the first post mortem would have tendency to fracture the second rib. He thought the blood might clot six hours after death in the manner described.

"Taking the facts testified to as to the removing of the body from the cistern and the result of the post mortem into consideration when were the injuries inflicted?" District Attorney Wheeler asked.

"I think they were inflicted by taking the body from the cistern, and in the post mortem."

"What was the cause of Mrs. Stone's death?"

"I think she was drowned in the cistern."

There were no absolutely distinctive signs of strangulation, Dr. Fox insisted. He did not think it possible to tell from external examination of discoloration whether they were inflicted before or after death.

All Inflicted In The Removal.

Dr. Fox said he thought that the pressure of the rope and the pressure of the body against the floor in getting the body out, inflicted all the injuries. He based this opinion on the supposition that the body was caught in the cistern by the back of the shoulders.

"Well, doctor, how could a body 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches wide, be wedged into a doorway 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches wide?"

"It could not until the clavicles gave way."

He would expect the dislocation of the clavicles at the sternal end and upward and forward, which was his understanding of the way the dislocation was described.

Dr. Fox stated that possibly the force used under the circumstances, there would be marks where the body was pressed against the joists. The clothing would tend to prevent them. He could not tell whether an injury was inflicted before or six hours after death unless there were inflammatory conditions thereto.

Inflammation the Only Test.

"Then by inflammation is the only way to tell whether the injury was inflicted before or after death?"

"Decidedly."

"Are there any positive ways of telling whether a person died from drowning?"

"There are."

"Is 'ballooning' of the lungs one of them?"

"Yes."

Re-direct examination by Mr. Hyzer brought out the statement that the appearances of death by drowning were lessened by the condition of the person drowned. If they died without struggling but little water might be found in the lungs and they might be congested only. He also stated that a drowned person might rise to the surface and give the person a chance for another respiration before death.

"Does the absence of water in the lungs necessarily prove that death was not by drowning?"

"I think not."

The witness said that he did not think it made any difference in the injuries, whether the shoulders were engaged or whether the hands or some other part of the body further down were caught.

Dr. William Fox was then sworn but before his story was begun the court ordered a recess.

A BETTER program than ever is this year presented by the Caledonian Society for the Burns festival on the 26. Everybody of course will be present.

NOTES FOR A WINTER EVENING
Best India Tea fifty cents a pound. Grubb Bros.

FLORISTS are holding back for the Easter trade.

SOFT cream patties 25 cents a pound at Grubb Brothers.

SOME of the new trolley cars are heated by electricity.

REED'S Comedians end their week's engagement tomorrow night.

NEARLY 1900 Gazettes a day. The new form of the daily is popular.

THE BOWER CITY Band are arranging for a concert in the near future.

SOMEBODY gets the furniture bought by Reed's Comedians Saturday night.

CHOICE table syrup, 20 cents a gallon. A. C. Munger, South Main street.

A MAN'S income, strange to say, is generally the outcome of his business ventures.

A BEAUTIFUL silver shoe souvenir with every \$2.50 purchase, Saturday at Lloyd & Sons.

YOUR attention is called to a card from J. W. Weisend proprietor of the Boston Clothing House.

Now is a good time to lay up treasures in heaven as it is mighty hard to lay them up elsewhere.

THAT India Tea at 50 cents a pound is proving a wonderful seller. Try some of it. Grubb Bros.

POPULAR prices, gentlemen fifty cents and ladies twenty-five cents for the Light Infantry masquerade.

THE Crescent City band boys expect a good time at their coming party. Murray's orchestra will furnish music.

R. E. CHAFFEE of this city passed his examination in Milwaukee and gets his certificate as an assistant pharmacist.

NEW STYLE GHOSTS THE CLUB'S THEME.

"FORTNIGHTLY" AND MODERN PSYCHICAL PHENOMENA.

William Smith To Lead in a Discussion of Hudson's Work on That Subject and To Deal Especially With Spiritism, Ghosts and Apparitions.

The Fortnightly Club meet this evening at the new flat on Hay Market Square occupied by Floyd Murdock, the club for this evening being the guest of Miss Jessie Inman. The special subject for consideration is Hudson's new work, "The Law of Psychological Phenomena," William Smith, leader. The subject has been subdivided, Miss Caroline L. Kimball assigned the first nine chapters of the book, embracing a consideration of the general hypothesis of the writer, covering as claimed by him, all psychological phenomena, hypnotism, mesmerism—and the difference between mesmerism and hypnotism—the dual mind, objective and subjective, the characteristics, limitation and office of the subjective mind, suggestion, auto-suggestion and telepathy.

Miss Jessie Inman will review that portion of the book devoted to psychotherapeutics including a discussion of Christian science, mental healing and mind cure.

William Smith will present the author's views on spiritism, ghosts and apparitions of the living.

All persons interested in the subject of discussion, or the club are invited to be present.

HIGHWAY AND BYWAY.

Chrysanthemums are Chinese, and reached Europe in 1790.

Coal is dearer in South Africa than any other part of the world; it is cheapest in China.

Gambling debts are recoverable by law in France, Spain, Venezuela and sometimes in Germany.

Pious Russians do not eat pigeons, because of the sanctity conferred on the dove by the scriptures.

A Roumanian lady is, at her own expense, constructing a railway from one of her estates to the nearest town.

England is said to have more light-houses than any other country. There is one for every fourteen miles of its coast line.

The Syracuse salt works, the most extensive in the United States, have an evaporating surface of over 12,000,000 square feet.

The presents received by the Russian admiral, Avellan, and his officers, while in France are estimated to be worth 3,000,000 francs.

A rule has been put in force at the new Metropolitan opera house in New York forbidding the passing of any flowers over the footlights.

In Oklahoma there are already established 165 Methodist, 25 Baptist, 24 Congregationalist, 25 Roman Catholic, 24 Presbyterian and 6 Episcopal congregations.

A. P. DAVIES, now a conductor of a palace car on the Northern Pacific railway, running between St. Paul and Portland, is in the city visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Davies North Academy street.

THE Union Catholic League gave their second entertainment at Columbia hall last night when Prof. Evans, the one man orchestra, rendered a pleasing program. Supper was served and card playing and dancing followed.

DR. S. H. GISH has resumed his office practice again. Returning thanks for the past he will be pleased to attend calls for plate work exclusively, which will be done by himself in a painstaking and superior manner.

E. D. MILLER, E. T. Sayre and E. Cody went to Chicago yesterday to look at a Turkish bath plant. In case they conclude to buy the baths will be located in the Hotel Myers basement. Mr. Sayre will be the manager and Cody Brothers will do the work.

We sell anthracite hard coal, grates, egg, range. No. 4 nut. Soft coal, bird's eye cannel, West Virginia split, Hocking Indiana block, Illinois, and the celebrated Pocahontas for ranges.

JANESVILLE COAL CO., J. H. Gateley, Manager.

J. H. GATELEY has placed an order book for coal and wood with Palmer & Stevens, and Brownell & Clemons. Leave your orders with them and they will be promptly delivered. Janesville Coal Co., J. H. Gateley, Manager.

J. W. WEISEND, of the Boston Clothing House, will remove from his present store on Monday evening into his new store in the Phoebeus Block, opposite the postoffice, formerly known as Burns & Boland's dry goods store.

And will be ready for business on Tuesday morning at the new store.

WOMEN who know, old housekeepers, mothers of large families, thoroughly posted women, not only say the marseilles bed spreads Bostwick & Sons are selling at \$2 (\$2.50 value) are the best they ever saw for \$2—but they are buying them liberally.

HALF prices, cost prices not in it. Get Bostwick & Sons' broken down cloak prices, see their \$5 cloaks in the window. You can buy cloaks there lower than anywhere else. Their high grade plush saucers are a good investment at present figures.

TOMORROW, Saturday, we will sell men's cordovan and kangaroo shoes Strong & Carroll make, \$6 and \$6.50 shoes for \$1; \$3 shoes for \$2; ladies' hand turned \$4 shoes for \$2. The last day before we move to 57 West Milwaukee street. Lloyd & Sons.

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LOCAL LODGES ON A JUNKET.
Pythians and Modern Woodmen Visit Brethren in Other Towns.

Janesville Pythians sent a delegation to Evansville last night to help in the dedication of a new Castle hall. The party went up on the 9:05 train and returned at 6:25 this morning. Besides the dedicatory speeches there was good music and a reading by Miss Myrtle Williams, of this city. After the banquet there was dancing for which John Smith furnished music.

A large delegation of Janesville Modern Woodmen visited Shopiere and enjoyed themselves in helping dedicate a new hall. A number of the delegation were accompanied by their ladies. Miss Lou Fenton took part in the exercises giving several readings. A supper and dance followed.

SISTERS' DOOR PAINTED RED.
Gang of Hoodlums Fill Oxfordville Folk With Wrath.

Oxfordville folks are aroused by the depredations of a lot of hoodlums. The gang's last explicit was to visit the home of Misses Rachel and Barbara Medgordon, paint the doors with a coat of red paint, and destroy considerable property. Half a dozen boys were brought into the city this morning and were examined by the court officers, but no facts sufficient to warrant prosecution were obtained.

Spirits at the Myers Grand.

On next Sunday night Prof. Adrian Ormerod and Miss Adena Ormerod will appear at the opera house. The mind reading feats performed by Miss Ormerod are said to be wonderful and have mystified the newspaper critics of all the large cities. They are pronounced more mystifying than those of the now famous Anna Eva Fay. The challenge wire tests, given by Prof. Ormerod are said to be wonderfully mystifying. He is bound hand and foot with a copper wire, a block of wood fastened under the chin, his mouth covered with court plaster and the body wired to a chair in an almost cruel manner, the chair being wired or nailed to the floor. It is claimed that with all of these precautions the manifestations continue the same as before. A short lecture on spiritualism is given during the evening. Reserved seats on sale at King & Skelly's.

ALL SHOES A \$2 A PAIR.

The end has come at last. My lease of store, building 57 Milwaukee street, ends January 31. Now for a slaughter of mens, women's and children's shoes rather than pack up and ship my stock. I will give the choice of every pair in the store for the small sum of two dollars. Hundreds of new pair ladies' shoes regular price \$6, \$5, \$4 and \$3.50 first choice for two dollars a pair. In men's we have dongola, kangaroo, alligator, French calf in all styles. Regular price from \$7 to \$3, all go at \$2 for choice. If you don't get a pair you miss the chance of a life time. Sale will begin Tuesday Jan. 23 and close January 29. Children's shoes at a give-away price. Come and examine. Early purchases will mean money to you. JAMES F. EARL.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

On Monday evening, January 22, I will close my business at the present stand, corner West Milwaukee and Jackson streets, known as the Boston Clothing House, and will open on Tuesday morning my new store in the Phoebeus block, opposite the postoffice, formerly known as Burns & Boland's dry goods store, with a complete line of clothing for men, boys, and children; also, men's furnishing goods, hats, caps &c. I tender my thanks to all those who have given me their patronage during the four years I have been in business at the present stand, and will hereby extend an invitation to them and all the citizens of Janesville to call on me at the new store, which will be known as Weisend's Clothing Store, and I shall give them the same cordial treatment they have received from me at the present stand.

J. WEISEND.

ATTENTION, RAILROAD MEN!

Flora—Do you know that a tree gets a new ring every year? Prunella—Every year? Why I get one every few weeks.

Jonas Aycedo, during the flirtation—Would you rather have me tall, Tidy? Matilda, blushing—I'd rather have you round, Jonas.

Bluster—Do you mean to say that I am a liar. Blister—I hope that I could not do so ungentlemanly a thing. But I see you catch my idea.

Do you enjoy holidays?" said Johnny's uncle. "Yes, sir." "What do you enjoy most about them?" "Being able to stay home from school without being sick."

And you really consider it good luck to find a horseshoe, then?" Certainly. They're worth two cents apiece at any junk dealer's, and every little helps these hard times."

Johnny Muggs—Pop, git me a bicycle, won't yer? Pop—Hain't got no money to waste that way. Johnny—Well, git me a bulldog wot I kin train to bite other fellers wot's got bicycles.

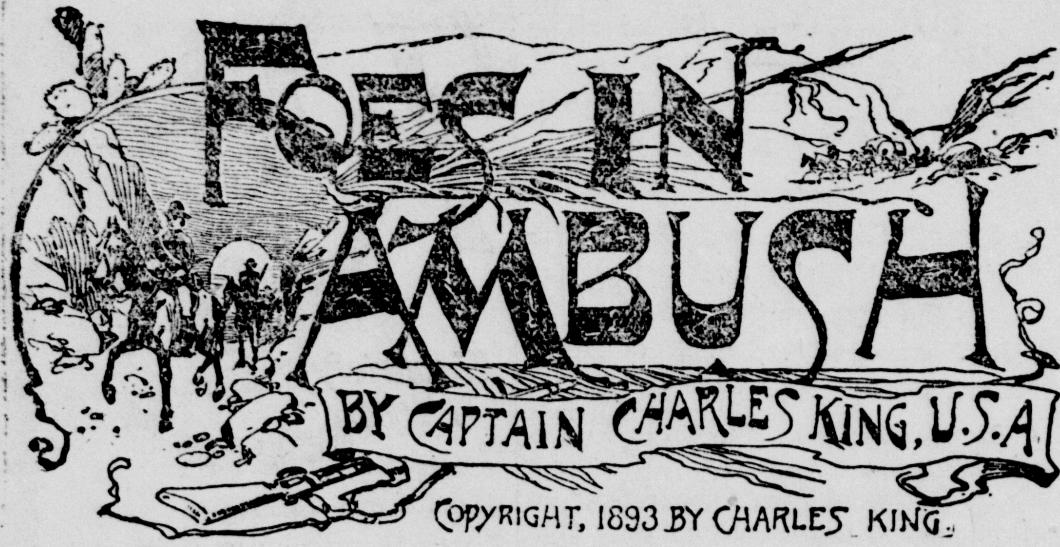
What a lovely new bonnet!" Mrs. Potts—it's funny the way I got it, too. I insisted on having my husband explain all about the new tariff bill. He talked for about five minutes and then compromised on this."

"Aw—have you such a thing as—as a full-dress cigah?" inquired Freddy, who was on his way home from a reception. "I think not, sir," said the tobacconist reflectively, "but we have some in very elegant wrappers."

"Do you like to look at the hoggs?" said Farmer Richland to his little niece from the city. "Yes, indeed, uncle," replied the intelligent child. "but I can't make out yet which pig it is which gives the boneless bacon."

Now for the Burns' anniversary on the 26th.

White Granite Ware.



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SYNOPSIS OF "FOES IN AMBUSH."

CHAPTER I.

Major Drummond, an army paymaster, is crossing the plains with a safe of greenbacks for the garrison troops in Arizona. His cavalry escort is led by a veteran sergeant named Feeney. The party halts at Moreno's ranch, near Gila river. A stranger giving his name as "Ned Harvey," calls at the ranch and states that himself and a small party are escorting his two sisters across the plains. Their father, a wealthy citizen of Tucson, A. T., was to have met them near Moreno's, but has failed to do so, and his children fear that he has fallen in with murderous Apaches. Half a dozen troopers, led by Corporal Donovan, are sent with the party to protect the sisters. Later two of the troopers return to the camp, and bringing a note signed "Ned Harvey," to the effect that Indians have burned the Harvey camp and carried off the girls. Feeney scents a ruse to rob the paymaster. Suddenly a bacon fire is seen at an army signal station in the crest of a distant range, a warning never displayed except the Apaches are on the warpath.

CHAPTER II.

Late that night a scouting party of United States cavalrymen, under Lieutenant Drummond, is crossing the plains from another direction toward Moreno's. One of the troopers is a mysterious recruit, a former stage driver, named Bland. The riders stumble upon the body of a trooper, which proves to be Corporal Donovan. They desecry the tell-tale beacon at the signal station, and shortly after a second fire lights up the sky around Moreno's.

CHAPTER III.

Just after dark on the evening the beacon was lit at the signal station a draft wagon and a Concord piloted by the real Ned Harvey and conveying his sister, Nedra, and a bandit pass by the station on the way to Moreno's. The signal officer in charge, Sergeant Wing, has met the girls in Yuma, and after greeting them and whispering in young Harvey's ears the rumors about Indian raids starts to climb the signal hill. He is suddenly assaulted,lassoed, dragged to a tent, bound, and gagged. At the same time a large pile of dry fuel bursts into flames. At the sight of the signal beacon Major Flummer sends a second party of soldiers out to rescue the Harvey girls, leaving only Sergeant Feeney, the paymaster, and his clerk and the stupified troopers to guard the gate.

CHAPTER IV.

Bauchman Moreno is secretly leagued with the "greaser" bandit gang of one Moros. Ned Harvey and his sisters reach Moreno's. Next two strangers ride up and ask for shelter. Feeney rebuffs them, and the fight opens. Major Flummer's party and the Harveys are barricaded in the ranch.

CHAPTER V.

Moreno openly joins the outlaws. They fire the ranch buildings. Feeney and Ned Harvey are ambushed.

CHAPTER VI.

The bandits led by a man in cavalry uniform plunder the ranch, carrying off the Harvey girls and the safe. Drummond's party arrives. Feeney and Harvey are found. Private Bland is missing from the ranch. Sergeant Wing and party arrive. Drummond starts in hot pursuit.

CHAPTER VII.

A new May morning was breaking, its faint rosy light warming the crests of the Santa Maria, when Lieutenant Drummond signaled "halt" to his little band, the first halt since leaving Moreno's at 2:30. Down in a rocky canyon a number of hoof prints on the trail diverged to the left and followed an abrupt descent, while the wagons had kept to the right and by a winding and more gradual road seemed to have sought a crossing farther to the west. It was easy to divine that, with such elements in the gang, there had been no long separation between the horsemen and the treasure they were guarding, and, eager as he was to overtake the renegades, Drummond promptly decided to follow the hoof tracks, rightly conjecturing, too, that they would bring him to water in the rocky tanks below.

Dismounting and leading his big sorrel, he sprang lightly from ledge to ledge down what seemed a mere goat trail, each man in succession dismount-

of Chiricahuas in the Santa Maria. Who could have foreseen that the little troop, finishing its duties at the northern end of the range and about turning south to rescout the Santa Maria, had ridden out upon the plain, summoned by the beacon at Picacho pass, and less than two hours after their hurried start from the burning ruins at Moreno's were speeding on their trail? The best fieldglasses ever stolen from the paternal government could not reveal to the fleeing outlaw that, only two or three miles back in the dim recesses of the crooked gorge, the bluecoats were following in hot pursuit. Who could have dreamed that band of Apaches, cut off from their native wilds by detachments from Bowie, Lowell and Crittenton, and forced to make a wide detour to the southwest, had sought refuge in the very gorge of the Cababi whither Pasqual with all speed was urging his men?

"We rest when we reach the cave."

Ah, even the torment of his wound could not have wrung from the robber chief this longed-for order had he dreamed what was coming at his back.

"How are the girls getting on?" he asked of his hot and wearied aid. "Are they tranquil now?"

"They have to be," was the grim reply. "The little one dare not open her eyes, and Sanchez has his knife at the elder's throat."

And the sunrise had brought with it new inspiration—new purpose to those who came trotting to the rescue. Just as the cliffs on the western side were tipped and fringed with rose and gold, Sergeant Lee, riding rapidly far ahead from point to point, always carefully peering around each bend before signal-



The next instant he stood erect, waving some white object high in air.

ing "come on," was seen suddenly to halt and throw himself from his horse. The next instant he stood erect, waving some white object high in air. Spurring forward, Drummond joined him.

"A lady's handkerchief, lieutenant," he quietly said. "They seem to have halted here a moment; you can tell by the hoof prints. One of their number rode over toward that high point yonder and rejoined them here. I don't believe they are more than half an hour ahead."

Drummond reverently took the dainty kerchief, hurriedly searched for an initial or a name and found the letters "R. H." in monogram in one corner.

"Push on, then, Lee! Here, one more for you—you, Bennet, join the sergeant. Look alive now, but do not let yourselves be seen from the front."

Then as they hastened away he stowed the filmy trifle in the pocket of his blouse, and drawing his colt from the holster closely inspected its loaded chambers. Only a boy, barely 23, yet rich in soldierly experience already was Drummond. He had entered the Point when just 17. His father's death, occurring immediately before the memorable summer of their first class camp, had thrown him perforce into the society of the so-called bachelor club, and he was graduated in the June of the following year with a heart as whole as his physique was fine. But there were some cares to cloud his young life in the army—a sister whose needs were many and whose means were few. He found that rigid economy and self denial were to be his portion from the start and was not sorry that his assignment took him to the faraway land of Arizona, where, as his new captain wrote him, "you can live like a prince on bacon and frijoles, dress like a cowboy on next to nothing, or like an Apache in next to nothing, spend all your days and none of your money in mountain scouting, and come out of it all in two or three years rich in health and strength and experience and infinitely better off financially than you could ever have been anywhere else. Leave whisky and poker alone, and you're all right."

He had left whisky and poker alone, severely alone. He had sought every opportunity for field service; had shown indomitable push, pluck and skill in pursuit of Apaches and cool courage in action. He had been able to send even more than was needed, or than he had hoped, to his sister's guardian and was proud and happy in the consciousness of a duty well done. There were no young girls in the scattered garrisons of those days, no feminine attractions to unsettle his peace of mind. The few women who accompanied their lords to such exile as Arizona were discreet matrons, to whom he was courtesy itself on the few occasions when they met, but only once had he been brought under the influence of girlish eyes or of girlish society, and that was on the memorable trip to San Francisco during the previous year, when he had had the great good fortune to be summoned as a witness before a general court martial convened at the Presidio. He had been presented to the Harvey sisters by the captain of the Newbern and would fain have shown them some attention, but there had been much rough weather in the gulf which kept the girls below, and not until after passing Cape San Lucas and they were steaming up the sunny Pacific did he see either of them again. Then one glorious day the trolling lines were out astern, the elders were amidships playing "horse billiards," and "Tuck," the genial purser, was devoting himself to Paquita, when Drummond heard a

scream of excitement and delight and saw the younger sister bracing her tiny, slender feet and hanging on to a line with all her strength. In an instant he was at her side, and together, hand over hand, they finally succeeded in pulling aboard a beautiful dolphin and landed him, leaping, trapping, splashing madly about, in the midst of the merry party on the deck. It was the first time Ruth had seen the gorgeous hues of this celebrated fish, and her excitement and pleasure over being heralded as its captor were most natural. From that time on she had pinned her girlish faith to the coat sleeve of the tall, reserved young cavalryman. To him she was a child, even younger by a year than the little maid he had left, and of whom he soon began to tell her. To her he was a young knight errant, the hero of a budding maiden's shyest, sweetest, fondest fancy and are long the idol of the dreams and thoughts she dares not whisper even to herself. Paquita, with the wisdom of elder sisterhood, more than half believed she read the younger's heart, but wisely held her peace. Sometimes in boyish day dreams he had pictured to himself adventures of this character—the rescue of imperiled beauty from marauding foe. But never had he thought it possible that it would be his fortune to stand first in the field, riding to the rescue of the fair daughters of one of the eldest and most respected citizens of the territory. In view of their peril the paymaster's stolen funds were not to be considered. Jim Drummond hardly gave a single thought to the recapture of the safe. So far as he could judge the forces were about equally matched. Some saddle horses led along after the wagons seemed to indicate that their usual riders were perhaps with others of the band, resting in the wagons themselves. Surprise now was out of the question. He would marshal his men behind the low ridge on which he lay, forming line, then move forward at the lop. No matter how noiseless might be the advance, or how warlike or absorbed their quarry, some one in the outlaw gang would surely see them long before they could come within close range. Then he felt sure that a portion at least would stampede for the hills, and that he would not have to fight more than 10 or 12. His plan was at all hazards to cut out, recapture and hold Harvey's wagon—that, first of all; then, if possible, the others.

And now the time had come. In eager but suppressed excitement Meinecke and the men came trotting up the slope.

"Halt!" signaled Drummond. Then "Forward into line," and presently the lieutenant stood looking into the sunburned faces of less than 20 veteran troopers, four sets of fours with two sergeants, dusty and devil may care, with horses jaded, yet sniffing mischief ahead and pricking up their ears in excitement. Drummond had been the trooper leader in seat after scout and in several lively skirmishes during the year gone by. There was not one of his troopers whom he could not swear by, thought he, but then the recollection of Bland's treachery brought his teeth together with vengeful force. He found his voice a trifle tremulous as he spoke, but his words had the brave ring the men had learned to look for, and every one listened with bated breath.

"Our work's cut out for us here. Not more than a mile ahead now is just the worst band of scoundrels in all the west and in their midst George Harvey's daughters. You all know him by reputation. They are in the white topped wagon, and that is the one we must and shall have. Don't charge till I give the word. Don't waste a shot. Some of them will scatter. Let them go! What we want is their captures." With that he swung quickly into saddle.

"Ready now? No, don't draw pistol till you're close in on them and no carabiners at all this time. All right. Now—steady. Keep your alignment. Take the pace from me. Forward!"

Up the gentle slope they rode, straining their eyes for the first sight of the hunted quarry, opening out instinctively from the center so that each trooper might have fighting space.

No squares of disciplined infantry, no opposing squadrons, no fire flashing lines, were to be met and overthrown by compact and instantaneous shock.

It was to be a melee, as each trooper well knew, in which, though obedient to the general plan of their leader, the little detachment would be hurled forward at the signal "Charge," and then it would be practically a case of "every man for himself."

"I want you four fellows to stick close to me now," said Drummond,

turning in his saddle and indicating the desired set with a single gesture. "We move straight for the leading wagon. See that you don't fire into it or near it."

And these were the last instructions as they reached the ridge, and a hoarse murmur flew along the eager ranks, a murmur that, but for Drummond's raised and restraining hand and Sergeant Lee's prompt "Steady there; silence!" might have burst into a cheer.

And then the leader shook loose his rein, and just touching Chester's glossy flank with the spur bounded forward at the lop.

On the sandy barren, winding among the cactus plants, the weary mule teams with drooping heads were tugging at the traces. Bearded men, some still with coal blackened faces, rode drowsily alongside the creaking wagons.

In one of these, the foremost, an arm in blue flannel suddenly thrust aside the hanging canvas curtain, and a dark, swarthy face, grooved from ear tip to jaw with a jagged scar, appeared at the narrow opening.

"How much farther have we got to go, Domingo?"

"Only across this stretch, two—three miles, perhaps."

"Well, I want to know exactly. The sun is getting blazing hot, and these girls can't hold out longer. Tell Pasqual I say there is more danger of killing them with exhaustion than there is of their making way with themselves. Say the little one's about dead now. Here, take this canteen and get some fresher water out of the barrel under the wagon."

"Dismount where you are, you two."

The fellow hailed as Domingo leaned

to the right, took the canteen strap and then reined in his foaming broncho.

"Hold your team one minute, Jake," was the order to the driver, and nothing loath the mules stopped short in their tracks. Pasqual's ambulance was a few rods behind, and to save time Domingo dismounted, and placing the canteen under the spigot drew it full of water, rewarded himself with a long pull, handed it up to the waiting hand above and swung again in the saddle just as the second ambulance closing on the first came also to a willing halt, and the lead mules of the buckboard, wherein lay two wounded bandits, attended by Moreno's womenfolk, bumped their noses against the projecting boot.

"Some cool water, for God's sake!" gasped one of the prostrate men, and a comrade rode to the leading wagon to beg a little from Harvey's well filled barrel. One or two men threw themselves from the saddle to the sands for a brief rest. The dust cloud slowly settled earthward in their wake. Mules, horses and men blinked sleepily, wearily. There hung in the heavy air a dull, low rumble as of thunder in the faroff mountains. There seemed a faint quiver and tremor of the soil. Was there a distant earthquake?

Suddenly a wild yell, a scream from Moreno's buckboard, a half stifled shriek from the white covered wagon. The man in blue leaped forth and made a mad dash for the nearest riderless horse. Whips cracked and bit and stung. The maddened mules flew at their collars and tore away, the wagons bounding after them, and Pasqual Morales, thrusting forth his head to learn the revolver at his belt with one fierce curse.

"Carajo!"

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"Carajo!"

Continued.

Intelligent Readers will notice that

Tutt's Pills

are not "invented to cure" all classes of diseases, but only such as result from a disordered liver, via:

Vertigo, Headache, Dyspepsia, Fevers, Costiveness, Bilious Colic, Flatulence, etc.

These they are not guaranteed infallible, but are as nearly so as it is possible to make a remedy. Price, 25cts. SOLID EVERYWHERE.

JOHNSON'S MAGNETIC OIL!
Instant Killer of Pain.
Internal and External.
Cures RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, lame Bone Sprains, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Joint, COLIC and CRAMPS INSTANTLY. Cholera Morbus, Cramp, Diathermy, Sore Throat, HEADACHE, as if by magic.

THE HORSE BRAND. Especially prepared for the most Powerful and Penetrating Liniment for Man or Beast in existence. Large 4-gals \$10c, 50c, 5c, size 5c.

JOHNSON'S ORIENTAL SOAP.
Medicated and Toilet. The Great Skin Cure and Great Soother. Ladies will find it the most delicate and most refined Toilet soap on the market. It is absolutely pure. Makes the skin soft and velvety and restores the lost complexion. It also relieves the scalp and promotes the growth of hair. Price 2c. For sale by Smith's Pharmacy, Janesville.

Catarrh

AND

COLD IN THE HEAD
relieved instantly by one application of
Birney's Catarrh Powder

Sold everywhere by druggists or direct by us.

MON. A. M. POST, Judge Supreme Court, Nels., writes: "I have used Birney's Catarrh Powder personally and in my family for several months, and find it the best remedy I have ever used."

Dr. J. L. Thompson, of Janesville, writes: "I have used Birney's Catarrh Powder with great success in cases of cold in the head, and especially recommended it to anyone afflicted with cerebral disease."

Dr. FATHER CLARKS Soc'y to the Rt. Rev. Bishop R. C. CHURCH, writes: "I have used Birney's Catarrh Powder for an aggravated attack of catarrh when nothing else could relieve me. Am delighted with it. All my friends to whom I have recommended it speak highly of it."

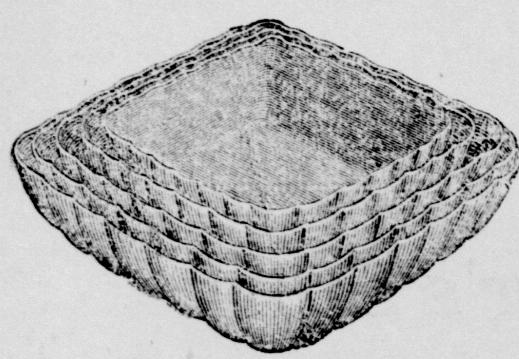
Dr. E. C. COOPER, of Janesville, writes: "I have used Birney's Catarrh Powder with great success in cases of cold in the head, and especially recommended it to anyone afflicted with cerebral disease."

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WHEELOCK'S

Great Clearing Sale OF White Granite Ware!



Inventory Over, we will for the next ten days knock out all competition with sledge-hammer bargains.
Nothing can equal them. Nothing can withstand them. **Read about them.**

Handled Cups and Saucers, four different shapes, set.....

40c

PLATES—**4-inch plates**, 6-inches in diameter, each.....

3c

5-inch plates, 7-inches in diameter, each.....

4c

6-inch plates, 8-inches in diameter, each.....

5c

7-inch plates, 9-inches in diameter, each.....

6c

8-inch plates, 10-inches in diameter, each.....

7c

PLATTERS—**6-inch platters**, 9½ inches in diameter, each.....

8c

7-inch platters, 10½ inches in diameter, each.....

16c

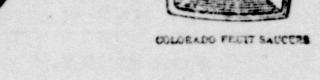
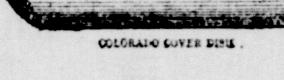
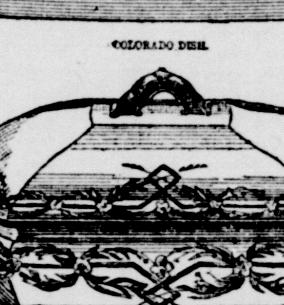
10-inch platters, 13½ inches in diameter, each.....

22c

11-inch platters, 14½ inches in diameter, each.....

32c

12-inch platters, 15½ inches in diameter, each.....



The above platters are all oval and square in shape.

BAKERS—**6-inch bakers**, 8 inches in diameter, each.....

8c

7-inch bakers, 9 inches in diameter, each.....

12c

8 inch bakers, 9¾ inches in diameter, each.....

15c

9-inch bakers, 10¾ inches in diameter, each.....

22c

There are four shapes of these bakers, square, oval, round, oblong—all same price.

Mail Orders carefully selected and promptly filled at the above prices.

WHEELOCK'S CROCKERY HOUSE-SOUTH : MAIN : STREET.

PITCHERS—**No. 42**, will hold 1¼ pints, each.....

8c

No. 36, will hold 1¾ pints, each.....

9c

No. 30, will hold 2¾ pints, each.....

12c

No. 24, will hold 4 pints, each.....

16c

No. 12, will hold 5¾ pints, each.....

28c

These are square and oval all same price.

MISCELLANEOUS—**4-inch fruit and sauce dishes**, all shapes, per doz.....

33c

Washbowl and Pitcher, large size.....

62c

Large size Slop Jar.....

82c

The above is only a part of the stock of **White Granite Ware** for this sale. Everything we have in this line must go within the next 10 days. We do more than we advertise. This is a **Pan Electric Sale**. Borrow the money if you can't get it otherwise. It will pay you ten-fold. Invest at once. This sale will be short, sharp and spicy. Don't miss it. We do not need to resort to chicanery to accomplish this. These are not a "job lot" bought in some other town to be quoted to you at half price. They are all new and perfect goods, reasonable and desirable. Take our word for it, this is the best **White Granite Ware** made.

POTIPHAR AND JEZEBAL.

Story as to the Old Darkey's Knowledge of the Parables.

Vice President Stevenson told the following story to a group of senators lately: There was an old darkey in Southern Illinois who wanted to join the ministry. He had progressed through many years of trial and tribulation from the position of chief hog stealer and hen-roost robber of the community to the mourners bench, to membership, to a deaconate, and finally to the dignified office of sexton and chief bell-ringer of the white folks' church in the same town. He couldn't read, but his grandmother, Lucindy, could, and he made her read to him every evening from the good book. He was finally brought before the board for examination, which was conducted as follows:

"Br'er Lias, do you know the bible?"

"Yas, praise de Lawd."

"Br'er Lias, do you believe it to be the word of God?"

"Yas, dat I do, praise de Lawd."

"Do you believe the parables?"

"Dat I do. Ever wud ob dem par'bles is fact, sho nuff. Gospel troof."

"Do you know any of them well enough to repeat, Br'er Lias?"

"Dat I do. I knows dem all. But dat one of Potiphar and Jezebal is de truest an' mos' powerful one ob all. Hit goes dis away. You see Potiphar was a riding down in his chariot fum Je'salem into Jericho. He drove long lil bit w'en long come Jezebal. She say: 'Wite man, gimme a ride, an' he done tuk her up behin' him in his chariot. An' dey went erlong a lil furder an' fel among t'leves. An' dey say: 'Frow down Jezebal!'"

"An' Potiphar he says: 'Let him among ya widout sin cas' de fu' stone.'

"But dey say all de louder: 'Frow down Jezebal!'"

"An' finally he frow down Jezebal. But dey warn't satisfied, an' yell: 'Frow down Jezebal!'"

"An' he frow' er down ergin. An' den dey yell out: 'Frow her down some mo'. An' he frow' her down seb'n times. But dey was dat mean dey warn't satisfy nohow, an' dey kep' a hollerin': 'Frow down Jezebal!' An' he frow' her down seb'n times seb'n. An' ob de remains day geddered up seb'n basketfuls."

BANK OF FRANCE NOTES.

How They Are Got Rid of After They Have Served Their Purpose.

The life of a bank of France note is about two years, it being issued so long as it is usable. In the matter of destroying their notes set apart for cancellation a new departure has been made by the bank of France, says Chambers' Journal.

The former practice was to incarcerate their doomed notes for three years in a large oak chest

Winter Tourist Rate Via The North-Western Line.

The North-Western line is now selling winter excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates to points in Florida, Texas, Mexico, New Mexico, Louisianas, Mississippi, Georgia, South Carolina and Alabama. In most cases these tickets are valuable for return passage until May 31, 1894, and they afford an exceptionally favorable opportunity for a visit to the famous winter health and pleasure resorts of the South. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R.

It will astonish you how quick Johnson's Magnetic Oil will kill all pain. Sold at Smith's pharmacy; 25 and 50 cents.

The Advertising

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla is always with in the bounds of reason because it is true; it always appeals to the sober common sense of thinking people because it is true; and it is always fully substantiated by endorsements which, in the financial world would be accepted without a moment's hesitation.

Buy Dullman's German 15 cent liver Pills, 40 in each package, at Palmer & Stevens

If you are worn out, run down and nervous. Magnetic Nervine will restore your health. Sold by E. O. Smith, pharmacy.

You will be pleased with the mild and lasting effects of the Japanese Liver Pellets. Try them. Sold at Smith's pharmacy.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE SECRET OF HIS HEALTH.

It lies in eating only a very small amount of food.

A famous old man recently told the writer the secret of his marvelous health, says the New York Sun. He is far along in the 70's, is an indefatigable worker, free from deafness, eyeglasses, rheumatism, and other indications of advancing age. His name is withheld at his own request, but his method of life is of interest. Until he was 40 years of age he suffered from a number of petty ills. Indigestion was one of them and an overburdening amount of fat another. Almost incessant headaches at night rendered his work uphill and difficult. It was not until he had passed his fortieth year that he came to the conclusion that nearly all his ills came from excessive eating. He put himself at once upon a regimen which he has maintained for upward of thirty-five years. Like Caprivi, Napoleon, and many other great men, he rises at 6 in the morning in winter and at 5 in the summer, and takes a little light exercise before dressing. Then he lights an alcohol lamp, boils some water, and makes a cup of coffee of two parts Java and one part Mocha. The coffee is selected with great care. After it has boiled for fifteen minutes he pours a little cold water on it to settle the grounds, puts in some milk, drinks two cups, and eats three or four biscuits. Then he goes into his study and undertakes the most serious problems of the day. For six hours he works steadily. His mind has not been disturbed by any incident, not even by the entrance of a servant with his breakfast. At 1 o'clock he eats whatever his appetite craves. There is no restriction whatever at this meal. After this he walks religiously for an hour, and during that day not another mouthful of food passes his lips. If at 8 or 9 o'clock at night a feeling of hunger comes on he takes a glass of milk, but nothing more. He has come to the conclusion that excessive eating kills more people than excessive drinking.

Why It Pays to be A Gazette Reader:

Because the coupons printed every day afford the only means of securing SHEPP'S "WORLD'S FAIR PHOTOGRAPHED," except by paying from \$5 to \$7 for the volume.

Because thrilling installments of CAPTAIN CHARLES KING'S famous story "FOES IN CM BUSH" appears daily.

Because THE GAZETTE is the only Janesville paper that gives its readers a telegraphic news service. It summarizes the worlds doings for the day in time for evening reading.

Because THE GAZETTE spends more money than any paper in Wisconsin outside of Milwaukee to make its local news bright, reliable and complete.

There are Other Reasons

(IF MORE WERE NEEDED)

Why it Pays to Be a Gazette Reader.

Add your name to the list by dropping us a postal card, and secure all these present and future advantages.

They Are All Strong Companies.
Absolute security is given by the companies represented in the agency of Silas Hayner. A partial list follows:
Insurance Company of North America.
Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Company.
Buffalo, German Insurance Company, New York
Northwestern National Insurance Company.
Commercial Union of London.
Westchester Insurance Company, New York.
They are time tried and fire tested. Thankful for past favors I am very respectfully,
SILAS HAYNER, Room 10, Jackman Block, Janesville.

REMARKABLE MAN IS THIS "HEELER."

A CHARACTER SKETCH OF "BOSS" M'KANE.

He Ruled Coney Island with the Despotism of the Czar of all the Russias—To Repent at Leisure—How He Acquired His Power.

THE INTEREST IN John Y. McKane, the Gravesend, N. Y., boss, is personal as well as political. Even those who condemn the man's political methods, feel fascinated by the dominant as well as the domineering individuality of the man, and for this reason there are few politicians to-day living in whom the general public take a livelier interest than the ex-boss of Coney Island. For years McKane has been known by the knowing ones as one of the four rulers of the Brooklyn end of the great metropolis, and he has generally been regarded as, considering the extent and the resources of his bailiwick, the most influential, not to say despotic, of the four, and the most successful.

The four Macs is the name now generally applied to the four men who rule on the Brooklyn side of the East river. This name was once given them at a dinner by McKane himself. Somebody alluded at the dinner to McKane's position as a boss. "Oh, for the matter of that," said McKane, "I am only one of many. There are four of us, all of us Macs," he added, "or rather all of us Macs, and I own up, gentlemen, with pride and pleasure, to being one of them." In his remarks on this occasion McKane alluded to Messrs. McCarty, McGarren, McKane and McLaughlin, four men who control the politics and the politicians of their respective districts, as all the voters and officials in their respective districts will confess.

Like many another man, he risked very little in improving his district originally. He waited, like Gould and Vanderbilt, till other men came along and rendered his district valuable. But no sooner had some enterprising capitalist in 1874 run a railroad from Brooklyn to Coney Island, and no sooner had the public showed its liking for the railroad, than McKane sprang into the arena, and from that moment on he has had his finger in every Coney Island pie. McKane has interests and property to-day along Gravesend Bay, Sheepshead Bay, Coney Island Creek—



JOHN Y. M'KANE.

even in Norton's point. As for the Bowery on West Brighton, why, he "is" the Bowery. Every concert hall, every museum, every merry-go-round, every raffle, every chance, every swing, every "razzle-dazzle," every chance ball, every pavilion, could be truthfully labeled John Y. McKane. He has an interest in the Iron Pier, in the Iron steamboats, in the Camera, in the Observatory, in the Elephant, in the Sea Beach Palace, in the L road there, in the electric light plant, in the carriages and stages, in the electric road—in everything.

But it is not merely, nor perhaps even chiefly, from his pecuniary interest in the place, as it is from his own peculiar individuality, that McKane owes his power, which, like the Czar of all the Russias, is supreme. McKane is really an extraordinary man, one of the very few who are cut out in molds of their own, not made, as it were, by the thousands. As per sample Dickens would have reveled in studying and writing up McKane, had he known him. He is full of contrasts, many sided, and each side strongly marked. Though a rich man he is very independent in his manner and in his dealing toward merely rich men, men who have money, and nothing else.

Last summer a Standard oil magnate called on him on business. He kept the Standard oil magnate waiting, whereupon the rich man reminded him that he represented the Standard Oil company. "Well, sir," said McKane; still more haughtily and pointedly, "I represent John Y. McKane." On this occasion it was his cue not to accede to the proposition of the Standard oil man. But shortly after he changed his mind, and thought it to his interest to conclude a deal. He therefore sent for the Standard oil magnate and not only did not keep him waiting, but was so quick and eager that the Standard oil man was, perhaps for the first time in his life, taken by storm.

In his dealing with the poor, as with the rich, McKane's disposition is really generous. A widow, named White, who had a little stand for the sale of fancy goods at West Brighton, fell sick, and of course lost her trade. And she would have probably been sent to New York to the hospital had not McKane hired a woman to take her place and sell her goods at the stand, and

first sent her a check for \$125 to pay for nursing and medical attendance. But although he requires absolute submission from those who have any dealings with him, or do business on his territory, mere submission alone will not buy him or procure his sanction to anything he thinks unfair or mean.

There was a barkeeper at Bauer's hotel and pavilion two years ago who presumed upon his "pull" with McKane, and not only got drunk but insulted women, boasting of his influence with the boss. This conduct and this boast did the barkeeper's business for him—McKane kicked him out of Coney island.

On a summer Sunday no part of Paris or Continental Europe cares as little for the fourth commandment as West Brighton, not even Chicago. A Methodist minister, Rev. Mr. Buckley, once visited the Bowery on a Sunday in August and was terribly shocked at what he saw, as well he might be. He promptly and pointedly reproved Bro. McKane, but the latter absolutely defended the Bowery.

Not only defended it but claimed, from Christ's own words, a sanction. "How in the name of heaven can you claim that, Bro. McKane?" asked the dominie. "The Sabbath was made for man," promptly replied McKane. "Not man for the Sabbath."

It is really held by McKane's intimate friends that he does not see any inconsistency in a Sunday school superintendent running the Coney Island Bowery on Sunday. Altogether, the personality of John Y. McKane is of more than ordinary interest.

The story of his crime against the purity of the ballot box in last year's election and more recently his trial and conviction therefor furnishes, probably, the closing chapter of his rule as a boss.

LABOR'S QUEEN.

At the Head of the Danbury Hatters' Union.

Mrs. Ellen M. Foote of Danbury, Conn., whose portrait is presented herewith, for twenty-eight years has been president of the Trimmers' union and lives among the women who devote their lives to the hat factories. Queen Ellen, as she is called, motherly and tenderhearted little woman that she is, has full sway over 1,600 minds. She has been the prime mover in negotiations between employer and employee for the past ten years. It was her firmness that forced the factory owners to sign the articles of agreement between the Trimmers' union and Manufacturers' association in 1887, and is now sustaining the Danbury hat-makers in their resistance of the factory owners who would cut wages.

THE WEALTH OF NATIONS.

Austria is worth £4,000,000,000. Russia is valued at £5,000,000,000. The bank capital of France is £268,000,000.

The bank capital of Great Britain is £910,000,000.

The property of Germany is assessed at £6,500,000,000.

All the property of Italy is assessed at £3,000,000,000.

France is worth all property considered, £8,000,000,000.

Over 41 per cent of all the property in the German empire is mortgaged.

The annual increase of wealth in the United States is over \$33 per inhabitant.

In Great Britain the mortgages average 58 per cent of the value of real estate.

The average value of cultivated land in Germany is \$105 per acre; in France, \$165.

The assessed valuation of the property and wealth of Great Britain is £9,000,000,000.

The annual value of hardware manufactured in the world is estimated at \$2,815,000,000.

The assessed valuation of Prussia is £3,425,000,000; of the whole empire, £5,681,000,000.

The people of the United States have over \$330,000,000 invested in church property.

The banking capital of the United States is estimated at \$5,150,000,000, the greatest in the world.

Canada, Belgium, Holland and Sweden are all assessed at about the same figure—£1,000,000,000.

The assessed valuation of the United States, according to Mulhall, is £13,000,000,000, or \$65,000,000,000.

Word has been received from the Colgate relief party, which was at Hamilton's cabin, on the middle fork of the Clearwater, 120 miles from Kendrick, Idaho, Jan. 4. The party still had hopes of finding Colgate alive.

Chicago Board of Trade.
CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—The following table shows the range of quotations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

Articles	Highest	Lowest	CLOSING.	
			Jan. 18.	Jan. 17.
Wh't, 2-				
Jan....	\$.00%	\$.59%	\$.61%	\$.59%
May....	.05%	.64%	.64%	.64%
July....	.66%	.65%	.65%	.65%
Corn, 2-				
Jan....	.84%	.81%	.84%	.84%
May....	.88%	.87%	.88%	.87%
July....	.89%	.88%	.88%	.88%
Oats, 2-				
Jan....				
May....				
July....				
Oats, 2-				
Jan....				
May....				
July....				
Potatoe-				
Jan....				
May....				
Lard-				
Jan....	7.87%	7.77%	7.85	7.82%
May....	7.70	7.57%	7.67%	7.62%
S. Ribs-				
Jan....				
May....	6.73%	6.57%	6.60	6.50

CHOOSE COMMITTEEMEN.

Indiana Republicans Hold District Conventions.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 19.—Reports received at the headquarters of the republican state committee indicate that the district meetings held throughout the state yesterday for the election of a new state committee were largely attended and unusually spirited. Both Indianapolis conventions adopted resolutions condemning the Wilson bill, commanding the McKinley tariff and deplored the Hawaiian situation. Similar resolutions were passed in nearly every congressional district.

Reception to John H. Gear.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, Jan. 19.—Senator-elect John H. Gear was given a brilliant reception by the citizens of Burlington last night. In response to the address of welcome the ex-governor made an eloquent speech. hearty applause punctuated his address, at the close of which a line was formed, and for two hours a stream of friends from Burlington and neighboring towns pressed his hand and spoke words of cheer and congratulation. The senator-elect left for Chicago at night en route to Washington.

Coming to See the Execution.

CANDO, N. D., Jan. 19.—People have begun to get here from the neighboring towns, and an immense crowd is expected to witness the execution of Thomberger, who murdered a family of six.

Illinois Building Sold.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—The Illinois state building at the World's Fair grounds has been sold for \$1,650. M. C. Shanahan & Co. of Chicago were the successful bidders. There were twelve bids in all. A bond of \$5,000 was required to insure the removal of the building from the grounds by Aug. 1 next.

WANTED.

WANTED—A middle aged person in family of three. Call at 203 Center avenue.

WE WISH to employ a good man to make \$20 to \$10 a week selling Home Electric Motor—Run sewing machines, printing presses, plums, etc. Everybody buys them. Steady employment. Easy situation and good wages. Address W. P. HARRISON & CO., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio.

A GENTS WANTED—Five to ten dollars a day made by hustlers. Call from 6 to 8 p.m. at 107 Hickory street.

WANTED—At once—Good agent: \$1 per hour, selling the Electrical Wonder. SPAULDING, Railroad House.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Small house in good repair 161 South Main. A few minutes walk from P. O. Inquire 253, South Second St.

FOR RENT—Four-room flat in Gazette block. Enquire of R. C. Holdredge, 252 South Main street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Cheap—A good three-spring leather top Buchholz phaeton in good condition. Will exchange for a fine eliot undercut, light surrey, and may a liberal difference for one that suits. S. A. POND, 7 East Street, S.

FOR SALE—Choice second growth wood. M. H. CURTIS, 20 South High Street.

A Lot of People

have a horse or horses that they don't want. We want one or two carloads—say a carload of good work horses and a carload of good drivers. We have building lots that are sure to advance from 10 to 20 per cent. within two years; we have a good many of them; we will exchange enough of them to pay for horses enough to fill two cars. If you prefer horses we have six good ones for sale and will take half the price of any of them in horses.

We must buy this stock right and will sell you the real estate very low. Call and see us.

Yours very truly,

GEO. L. & SARAH H. CARRINGTON.

Something that we do.

We buy and sell farms. We exchange city property for farms. We buy and sell city and village property or we exchange city property for any kind of personal property. We buy for cash or real estate any kind of stocks of goods. If you are in the dry goods, hardware, grocery, jewelry, crockery, boots and shoes, or general merchandise business and want to get out, you can sell out to us and get cash and good real estate. We loan money on real estate at right rates. We make loans for other parties. Whatever you have, whatever you want to do in the way of dealing, you go wrong unless you come to us. It seems so to me.

Yours very truly,

GEO. L. & SARAH H. CARRINGTON.



Capt. King's Story In This Paper "Foes In Ambush,"

A Synopsis of Chapters already run
is printed daily for the benefit of new readers.

Pictures! Pictures!

At Half Price to Close Out. Must be Sold by Saturday Night. Come at once.

Fine Line Etchings, were \$1.00

100 very fine Photogravure 30c

200 Framed Pictures, different effects, ranged in price to

from \$1 to \$10, for one week. \$5.00

50 Imitation water Colors, 75c

were \$1.25 each, for 1 week. 25 Easels, the handsomest 50c to

made, for one week. \$2.00

The above goods must be sold this week. There is no two ways about it. They are dirt cheap.

Janesville Art Store,

No. 9 South Main St.

GEORGE I. STRATTON, Prop.

The Record Broken!

In Chairs, We have 2000 large brace and hand carved diners worth \$14 per set, that we close out at per set

2000 large solid oak brace arm diners worth \$9.00 per set we will close out at per set.

These chairs are warranted in ever respect, will be sold at the above prices for cash until Feb. 1.

SEE SAMPLE